

The Mountain Advocate.

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BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, November, 7, 1913

Old Series: Vol. 8 No. 34

REPUBLICAN VICTORY

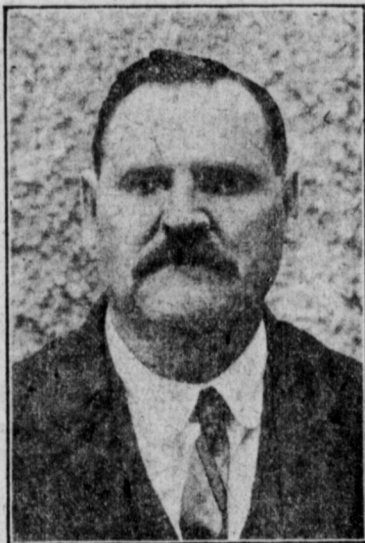
For all Republican Candidates in Knox County
Complete Ticket Elected—each Candidate
Receiving a Good Majority



"Be it ever so humble, there is no place like home."



HON. J. C. LAY
Who will represent Knox and Whit-
ley Counties in the next Legislature



HON. T. G. HAMMONS
The newly elected County Judge



HON. READ P. BLACK.
Who received more votes than any
other candidate on the ticket, his
past record and the trust and con-
fidence in him has elected him to
succeed himself as Clerk of the
Knox County Court.



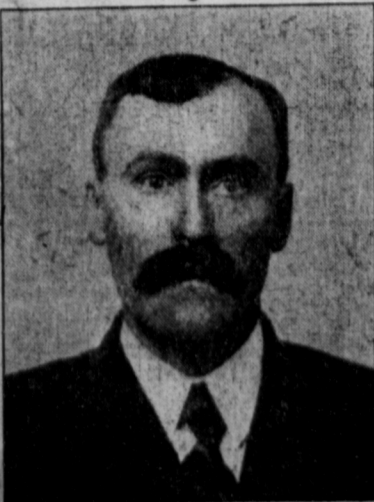
HON. J. F. CATRON
Who defeated Thos. Sasser for
County Attorney.



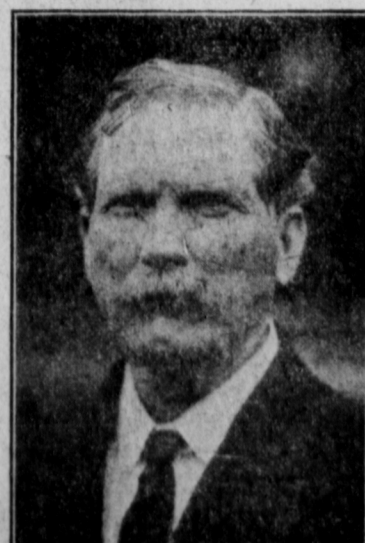
HON. SAM L. LEWIS
Who defeated Hon. W. H. Davis the
most popular Progressive in the
county for Sheriff of Knox County.



HON. FRANK J. MITTEL
Who defeated Rev. J. B. Black on the Pro-
gressive candidate for Justice.



HON. J. F. DOZIER
who defeated J. M. Messamore the Progres-
sive candidate for Coroner.



HON. F. M. REESE
who succeeded himself as Surveyor.



HON. C. B. WILLIAMS
Our newly elected Assessor

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK GROWS

THE DEPOSITS OF THIS BANK WERE ON

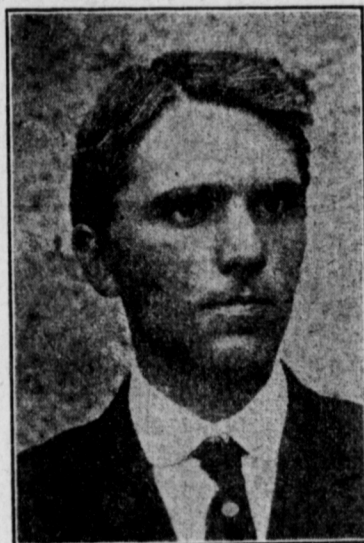
November 1, 1913	=	\$ 235,682.68
November 1, '12	=	173,755.28
November 1, '11	=	132,662.91
November 1, '10	=	110,317.25
November 1, '09	=	90,139.64

This bank has in four years increased its deposits
\$145,543.04

THIS bank grows because it is absolutely safe; it gives fair and
courteous treatment to all and aids its customers in every way
consistent with careful, safe and conservative banking. We solicit
the accounts and business of all.

3% interest paid on time deposits

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
BARBOURVILLE, KENTUCKY

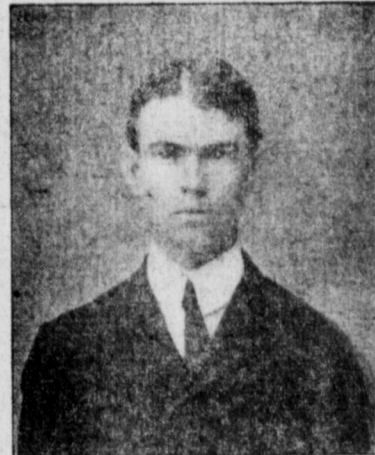


HON. W. W. EVANS
Who defeated Joseph B. Campbell
the Democratic Candidate for Super-
intendent of Schools.

MAKES SERIOUS CHARGE Attorney Claims Jurors Were "Fixed" in Big Damage Case.

The suit of the administrator of the late A. T. Smith, against the Middlesboro Electric Light Company for \$50,000 for the death of Mr. Smith, which resulted in a verdict for the defendant, has brought fourth the charge from the plaintiff's attorney that the jury was tampered with. Last week Attorney B. B. Golden of Barbourville, filed a sensational affidavit in Bell Circuit Court, together with affidavits from some members of the jury, in which the charge is set out that certain members of the jury were made drunk, given automobile rides, &c., by certain parties in Middlesboro, in order to influence their verdict in the case. All the wrongful acts it is claimed occurred before the jury was placed in charge of the Sheriff. The affidavits were filed in support of motion for a new trial of the suit.

The cause was tried in the Circuit Court in Middlesboro, and the affidavits created a big stir in that city where all the interested parties reside.—[Pineville Sun.



HON. JOHN W. HUGHES.
Chairman of the Republican
Committee of Knox County and
the man who never sleeps when
on duty for the G. O. P.



HON. J. M. ROBISON
the stalwart Republican who
stumped Knox County for the
Republican Ticket and through
his efforts the big majorities
were had.

Big Damage Suit Settled For \$37,500.00 In Cash

The Damage Suit, which has been pending on in the Knox Circuit Court for some time, between the Bennett Jellico Coal Co., plaintiff and East Jellico Coal Co., was settled a few days ago. The defendant East Jellico Coal Co., paid the plaintiff Bennett Jellico Coal Co. \$37,500.00 as damages. The plaintiff sued the defendant for damages, charging that the defendant had

unlawfully removed Coal from plan-
tiff's land in Bell County.

This the largest sum ever col-
lected in any suit in this end of the
State for damages. J. M. Robison
represented the Bennett Jellico Coal
Co., as its attorney in the settle-
ment.

The money was paid to Mr. Rob-
ison for his client.

Card from County Judge-elect

To The Voters Of Knox County:
I take this method to thank you
for the hearty support you gave me
in my race for County Judge on
Tuesday, the 4th. day of November.

I cannot find words with which
to express my gratitude to you, but
will prove to you by my official
acts that I am worthy of the confi-
dence you have reposed in me; I in-
tend to live up to each and every
promise that I made during the
campaign. The work begun by Judge
Stamper in any way of building
roads will be pushed with energy
during my term, and when I shall
have served my term you will not
regret having voted for me.

I intend to stand for Law and
Order and, if possible, for the re-
duction of taxes, to save the people's
money and give them one hundred
cents worth for every dollar spent.

Again thanking you, I beg to re-
spond,
Yours truly,
Thomas G. Hammons.

To the Reading Public

In order to give the reading pub-
lic a chance to take advantage of
the special prices offered by pub-
lishers, the Ladies Aid of the Christ-
ian Church are now taking sub-
scriptions. Any member will be
glad to give information in regard
to rates.

This will not interfere with the
Magazine Bazaar to be given Dec. 8,
to 15th.

Anyone wishing to subscribe for
any periodical will find it saving in
cost to act at once. You can have
a selection from an endless variety.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

GOVERNOR DESIGNATES NOVEMBER 27 AS DAY FOR GIVING THANKS.

ADDRESSES EASTERN NORMAL

Franklin County Will Furnish Turkey for President Wilson's Thanksgiving Dinner.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 26.—Gov. McCreary issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

"We should offer praise and thanks-giving to God for His manifold blessings, and unite in earnest supplication for their continuance.

"The year now drawing to a close has been marked by manifestations of His kind and beneficent providings, and we should reaffirm our allegiance to righteousness, justice, freedom, education and progress.

"Our republic has had peace with the whole world and demonstrated its capacity and readiness to meet and deal properly with great and important questions.

"Our state has had prosperity, good harvests, productive industries, happy and contented people. Law and order have been preserved. The glorious heritage of self-government has been upheld and strengthened, and the year has brought us better appreciation of our duty and higher desire for good achievements; and wherever we may look or whatever we may think, we have abundant cause for praise and gratitude to God.

"Wherefore, I, James B. McCreary, governor of the commonwealth of Kentucky, designate Thursday, the 27th day of November, 1913, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and call upon all the people of Kentucky to cease their accustomed occupations on that day and give thanks and praise to God for the blessings He has conferred upon us, and to humbly beseech a continuance of His great mercies."

Game Warden Will Appeal.

J. Q. Ward, executive agent for the Game and Fish Commission, stated that the commonwealth will appeal for a certification of the law in the prosecution of the Phoenix Hotel Co., of Lexington, for receiving shipments of game birds, in which the Fayette Circuit Court excused the manager of the hotel from testifying on the ground that he need not incriminate himself and gave peremptory instructions for the defendant. There are three other indictments for receiving such shipments pending. They have been postponed until January, by which time the statute of limitations will have run on an indictment of the manager, and he will not put himself in jeopardy by testifying.

Land Owners Will Co-operate.

State Forester J. E. Barton returned from Middlesboro and announced that the Continental Coal Corporation and other big land holders in that section have agreed to consider a plan to co-operate with the state and federal governments in protecting the forested area of the Eastern Kentucky water sheds. Rowan county land owners also are taking the initiative in this work, and are preparing to organize an association, which Forester Barton will address November 10. The forester hopes to interest these associations further in the work of reforestation. He appointed T. G. Ford, of Middlesboro, forest patrol for Bell county.

Sale of Government Property.

Sale of a lot of state and government property will be held at the Frankfort arsenal, November 17. Included are two Gatling guns with caissons, three Hotchkiss guns, 1-pounders, with caissons and ammunition, a quantity of rifles, tents, field equipment, disused ambulances, uniforms, and junk. A sale of material will be held November 19 at Camp Orel.

Fattening Gobbler for President.

Franklin county will furnish the turkey for President Wilson's Thanksgiving dinner. South Trimble, clerk of the house, who arrived home to vote, said that he has a big gobbler being fattened on his farm east of Frankfort, which is destined for the most conspicuous role at the white house dinner.

Gov. McCreary Casts Ballot.

Gov. McCreary went to Richmond on Monday afternoon. He voted on Tuesday and that forenoon addressed the students of the Eastern Kentucky Normal at Kentucky in the War of 1812, at the request of the faculty. He returned to Frankfort Tuesday night.

Exception to Assessment.

John Kleyman, of Covington, tax collector, filed exceptions with the State Railroad Commission to the assessment of the physical property of the C. and O. Railway Co. and the L. and N. Railroad Co. and the Cincinnati and Covington Bridge Co., which had been made to the commission. Kleyman says in his exceptions that the companies omitted some of their property and that the amount given in was not its fair cash value. The date for hearing will be fixed later.

Judge Dissents From Opinion.

Contracts made by telephone companies with the General Councils of cities in which they are trying to secure or have secured a franchise should be carried out, and they should not be permitted to increase these rates in a new franchise. Such is the opinion of Appellate Judge Carroll, which is expressed in his dissenting opinion in the case of Keene Lutes against the Fayette Home Telephone Company. He says:

"The facts of this case, as stated in the opinion, furnish a striking illustration of the reasons why the doctrine announced in the opinion should not prevail. Under the franchise the telephone company obligated itself to furnish to the people of Lexington for a term of years business phones at \$30 per annum and residence telephones at \$18 per annum. Under the new contract made between the Council and the telephone company the telephone company was allowed to charge and exact without limitation any fee it might fix, and, in fact, did charge for business phones \$42 and for residence telephones \$24. For this large increase in rates, which may be further increased, the company did nothing it was not required to do under the franchise contract. The right to levy this excess rate on the people of Lexington was a bonus or gift presented to the telephone company by the Council without consideration of any kind. The only gainer by this transaction was the telephone company; the only losers the people.

"If the methods authorized by this opinion is to prevail, then any public service corporation can secure from the Council in the manner pointed out in the constitution a valid and a valuable franchise contract, beneficial to the people of the city, and thereafter, whenever it can procure a Council favorable to its interest, make a new contract, putting on the people of the city heavier burdens than the old contract imposed."

Judge Carroll, who dissented in the Louisville Home Telephone Company against the city of Louisville, 130 Ky. 611, said, "It goes a step further than that case. In the Louisville Home Telephone case the Council required the telephone company to go through the form of buying a franchise before it could relieve itself of the obligations imposed by its first franchise contract. In this case the Council boldly undertook by an ordinance to relieve the telephone company of its obligations to the people and made a new contract. In short, the court holds that a Council may at any time by an ordinance abrogate a contract and give to a public service corporation anything it wants without any regard to whether the people affected will be benefited or not. This opinion removes that last restraint imposed by the constitution for the protection of the people and leaves conditions precisely as they were before its enactment."

Some Interesting Statistics.

Kentucky's roads, including the right of way, bridges and machinery, represent an investment of approximately \$50,000,000, said Commissioner of Roads R. C. Terrell. "For the maintenance of these the state and counties spend annually a little more than four per cent of the cost of reproduction. The railroads of the country keep on a payroll a man for every mile of their track, and a railroad corporation averages an annual expenditure of nearly four per cent for its buildings and like equipment, aside from the maintenance of its rights of way." Commissioner Terrell estimated the length of roads at 57,000 miles, containing within their rights of way 220,000 acres, averaging a value of \$50 the acre. This gives an original investment of \$11,000,000, which, he figures, is easily increased to \$50,000,000 by improvements.

City Is Not Liable.

When a city establishes the first grade of a street it is not liable for damages done the property by reason of the establishment of the grade. The Appellate Court so decided in the case of Louis Gernert, of Louisville, against the city of Louisville, in which the judgment sustaining the general demurrer to her petition for damages was affirmed. The limits of Louisville were so extended as to take in a part of Jefferson county through which the Bardonia pike runs, and the city laid an asphalt street along the pike, making a grade, as Mrs. Gernert claimed, that damaged her property. As it was the first grade made by the city, the court held that Mrs. Gernert could not recover damages.

Railroad Files Answer.

The Glasgow Railroad Company filed answer to the complaint of J. M. Richardson, of Glasgow, before the State Railroad Commission, asking that the road be required to reduce passenger fares from five to three cents a mile. The road denied that it was making abnormal profits or that the rate is extortionate.

New Trial Is Ordered.

Judgment of the Hopkins Circuit Court was reversed in an opinion by Judge Carroll. A. R. Franklin, an employee of the Rose Creek Coal Company, was killed on a coal tippie by a runaway car striking the car by which he was working. It was contended that plaintiff was negligent in permitting car to be used with defective brakes. A demurrer was sustained to the petition, but the Court of Appeals held that in the exercise of ordinary care the railroad company is responsible for the condition of the brakes.

FELIX DIAZ FLEES TO UNITED STATES



Gen. Felix Diaz, having resigned from the Mexican army and taken refuge from the vengeance of Huerta on board an American warship, has now fled to the United States. In this, his latest portrait, he is seen, at the left, talking with one of his devoted followers.

CHAOS OVER NEW TAX

INCOME TAX CONFUSES WALL ST. BANKERS AND LAWYERS.

Admit Their Ignorance—Find Chief Difficulty Is in Clause Providing for Collection "at the Source."

New York, Nov. 3.—That part of New York which is referred to vaguely as Wall street was in a state of confusion Friday. For once in its career Wall street did not know which way to turn. The new income tax law became effective that day and some of the highest priced lawyers, bankers and corporation officials in the world confessed that they were completely at sea as to its meaning.

It is practically a foregone conclusion that payment of a large part of \$80,000,000 November interest payments due in New York will be deferred pending a solution of the riddle. Whatever the outcome, it is predicted that many suits will be instituted against the government to test the law. Some of the leading insurance companies, led by the New York Life, have questioned that feature of the law which imposes a tax on corporate holders of state or municipal bonds, of which they hold large amounts, while exempting the individual.

The chief source of trouble is that portion of the law which provides for the collection "at the source" of the tax on income derived from interest on bonds, mortgages and certain other obligations. Banks and corporations are required to withhold this tax in making payments of interest due to holders of securities.

The ruling in question has given rise to endless confusion. In cases in which bonds are not registered the names of their owners often are not known to the banks or fiscal agents to whom coupons are presented for payment. The identity of the owners must be established to determine whether the tax is to be deducted.

GIFT AROUSES INDIANIAN

Gray Tells House Plan to Give Miss Jessie Wilson a Wedding Present Is "in Bad Taste."

Washington, No. 1.—Representative Gray of Indiana created a commotion on Thursday by denouncing his colleagues in that body for presenting \$5 a piece to a fund, the purpose of which is to purchase a wedding present for Miss Jessie Wilson. Gray declared members were getting "too familiar with the president's family," and suggested that money be turned over to charity.

"I think this movement is in bad taste, indiscreet and an unwarranted assumption by members of this house," said Gray. "I do not think we should tender a trinket to this lady. Most of us are strangers to her, and it is bad form for us to intrude."

Many Hurt in Wreck.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Scores of people were seriously injured here when a Wabash railroad train crashed into a Halsted street car at West Seventy-fifth street. The piling of the wreckage hid the railroad tracks from the motorists.

Gets \$2,500 in Freak Stamps.

New York, Nov. 4.—Five freak United States stamps of the issue of 1853, valued by their owner, Clarence E. Chapman of New York, at \$2,500, were stolen from the International Philatelic exhibition.

Jackson, Ky., Swept by Fire.

Jackson, Ky., Nov. 4.—The business section of Jackson, the scene of many feud murders, was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$150,000. Governor McCreary has been asked to call out the National Guard.

ORDERS HUERTA OUT

WILSON'S ULTIMATUM TO DICTATOR FORBIDS HIM TO NAME ALLY AS EXECUTIVE.

U. S. CHARGE GIVES DEMAND

Chief of War-Rent Republic Holds Night Conference With Diplomats of European Powers—Nations Back Washington.

Mexico City, Nov. 5.—President Huerta has been told he must resign the presidency of Mexico without loss of time and that he must not leave as his successor Gen. Aureliano Blanquet, his minister of war, or any other member of his official coterie whom he might be expected to control.

This ultimatum from Washington has been conveyed to President Huerta through his private secretary, Senor Rabago, by Nelson O'Shaughnessy, American charge d'affaires, acting under instructions from the state department.

Senor Rabago presented the memorandum to his chief late Sunday, but up to Monday evening President Huerta had returned no answer, and, so far as could be learned, had guarded its contents from almost all his official and intimate counselors.

Those who learned of the Washington note regard General Huerta's position as one in which he will be forced to give one of two answers—refusal point blank to comply with the demand, possibly going so far as to hand the diplomatic representative his passports, or the elimination of himself officially.

Those most intimate with the Mexican president insist that the latter course will not be taken for many reasons, chief among which is that such action would be tantamount to submission to the rebels.

Official Mexico is no longer in doubt that the Washington administration favors the rebel cause, and is convinced that this is the means adopted by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to assist Carranza to win.

General Huerta summoned to the national palace at night the diplomatic corps, but for what purpose was not revealed.

Three of the ministers, those of Germany, Norway and Russia, were absent. They have been in Vera Cruz, where they were in conference with President Wilson's representative, John Lind, who is understood to be fully conversant with the latest representations from Washington.

Washington, Nov. 5.—A press dispatch from Mexico City was read to Secretary Bryan over the telephone. He manifested much interest, but said he would make no official comment.

All last evening the secretary had been expecting news developments and prepared to stay up late to receive dispatches.

It was reported in diplomatic circles that copies of the ultimatum had been transmitted to all foreign governments by the United States in line with the policy of keeping them informed of every step taken in the Mexican situation.

The ultimatum was regarded by official Washington as the first step in the American program for which the United States had asked all nations to wait before they formulated any new policy toward Mexico.

It was learned, too, that the Washington administration had indicated a desire to all foreign powers that any government set up as a result of the election of October 26 should not be recognized until the United States had communicated its views on the subject.

The president does not believe that Huerta will go to the length of declaring war, but it is expected that unless he agrees to quit he will break off diplomatic relations with the United States.

The "war plans" of the army ordinance department are completed, and for the first time in history Uncle Sam is in readiness at a moment's notice to arm and equip 500,000 men to send into the field in the event of war with a first-class power. These plans have been worked out during the last six years by Lieut. Col. J. T. Thompson under the direction of Brig. Gen. William Crozier, chief of bureau.

Reports from John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative in Mexico, concerning his recent conferences in Vera Cruz with the Russian, German and Norwegian ministers, conveyed the impression to President Wilson that there was a disposition on the part of those diplomats to co-operate with the United States in supporting the plans of the Washington government.

Churchill in Airship Flight.

London, Nov. 5.—Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, went to Farnborough toward dusk and made a flight in the airships Delta and Beta. Each flight lasted some 15 minutes at a height of 1,800 feet.

Execute Spanish Officer.

Madrid, Spain, Nov. 5.—A firing squad of Spanish troops executed Capt. Manuel Sanchez, a Spanish army officer found guilty by a court-martial of the murder of Don Garcia Jalon, a wealthy land owner, last May.

Set Date for Labor Cases.

Washington, Nov. 5.—On the request of Samuel Compers, Frank Morrison and John Mitchell, the Supreme court of the United States set January 1 as the date for hearing arguments in the labor contempt cases.

If a man would be honest he would keep in training.

Use Roman Eye Balsam for scalding eyes, eye and inflammation of eyelids. Adv.

Education enables a young man to show how clever he isn't.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children's teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, and a bottle is always handy.

Tricycle taxicabs have been introduced into Germany with great success.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are sold with and without soluble sugar coating. They regulate the bowels, invigorate the liver and purify the blood. Adv.

Insupportable.

"Well, Henry," said the fair maid, "did popper ask you if you could support me in the style to which I am accustomed?" "No, dear," said Henry. "He merely informed me that he couldn't, and gave me his blessing."—Judge.

SCALP ITCHED AND BURNED

Greenwood, Ind.—"First my hair began to fall, then my scalp itched and burned when I became warm. I had pimples on my scalp; my hair was falling out gradually until I had scarcely any hair on my head. I couldn't keep the dandruff off at all. My hair was dry and lifeless and I lost rest at night from the terrible itching sensation. I would pull my hair off and scratch my head any place I happened to be.

"For several years I was bothered with pimples on my face. Some of them were hard red spots, some were full of matter, and many blackheads. I was always picking at them and caused them to be sore. They made my face look so badly I was ashamed to be seen.

"I tried massage creams for my face and all kinds of hair tonics and home-made remedies, but they only made things worse. Nothing did the work until I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I washed my face with the Cuticura Soap, then put plenty of Cuticura Ointment on. Three months' use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment has made my face as smooth and clean as can be." (Signed) C. M. Hamilton, Sept. 24, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Logical Conclusion.

A little girl was walking along the street with her brother, when she saw a one-armed man. It was the first time in her life that she had ever seen a man without an arm, and she wanted to know all about it. Her mother explained, in answer to her questions, that the man had probably met with an accident of some kind and that his arm would never grow back. The little girl thought for a moment, and then said: "Well, if the Lord made us, it seems to me like he ought to keep us in repair."—Judge.

Wild Honey.

The honey that comes out of a bee tree is not always as sweet as the old-time compliment, "sweet as a bee tree," might lead one to suppose. The bees that run wild do not seem to have the fine taste in nectar that their domesticated cousins have. Sometimes there are poisonous spots in wild honey—at least there are legends to that effect—and often, if the colony is old and the comb large, the honey is black as night.

But the bee-hunter now, alas, to be classed with professionals that have passed on, cared little about discoloration and worried not at all about poison. To find a bee tree meant the exercise of keen eyesight, woodcraft, patience and judgment. The wandering bee seemed to have a prejudice against going straight to the hive. He moseyed along from flower to flower, stopped to talk or fight with a fellow bee, or, if he knew he was being followed, dived into thickets and hummed straight across some bottomless bog. So when the right tree was located, and the comb laid bare, it was well won. It was as treasure trove, earned by the blisters on the shoveler's hands.

SPEAKS FOR ITSELF

Experience of a Southern Man.

"Please allow me to thank the originator of Postum, which in my case, speaks for itself," writes a Fla. man. "I formerly drank so much coffee that my nervous system was almost a wreck." (Tea is just as injurious because it contains caffeine, the drug found in coffee.) "My physician told me to quit drinking it but I had to have something, so I tried Postum.

"To my great surprise I saw quite a change in my nerves in about 10 days. That was a year ago and now my nerves are steady and I don't have those bilious sick headaches which I regularly had while drinking coffee.

"Postum seems to have body-building properties and leaves the head clear. And I do not have the bad taste in my mouth when I get up mornings. When Postum is boiled good and strong, it is far better in taste than coffee. My advice to coffee drinkers is to try Postum and be convinced."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for copy of the little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled.

Instant Postum is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. Grocers sell both kinds.

"There's a reason" for Postum.

TAMMANY HALL IS DEFEATED

JOHN POMEROY MITCHELL, FUSIONIST CANDIDATE, IS ELECTED MAYOR.

SULZER IS ELECTED

Empire State Assembly Will Be Republican—Buffalo Sticks to Democratic Ranks and Progressives Succeed in a Few Towns.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

New York.—John Purroy Mitchell has been elected Mayor by a plurality of at least 100,000. His election was conceded by Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall.

The returns indicated the election of Prendergast, Fusion candidate for Controller, by a plurality of 25,000. It was estimated that McAneny, Fusionist candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, would win by 70,000 plurality.



This is a characteristic portrait of John Purroy Mitchell, formerly collector of the port of New York and now Mayor of the metropolis.

An anti-Tammany majority of two-thirds is now assured in the lower House of the Legislature.

Chairman Barnes, of the Republican State Committee, issued a statement claiming the election of 90 members of the Assembly, giving the other 60 members to the Democrats and Progressives, a majority of 30 over both parties. This claim, he said, was based on complete returns from all parts of the state. For the Court of Appeals, Chairman Barnes claimed the election of Werner by 20,000 and Hiscok by 45,000.

John Purroy Mitchell, Mayor-elect, issued the following statement:

"A sincere personal gratification I feel is tempered by the sense of deep responsibility I feel to my fellow citizens."

MARYLAND DEMOCRATIC

Landslide Hits G. O. P. and Blair Lee Is Elected United States Senator.

Baltimore, Md.—There has been a Democratic landslide in Maryland. Blair Lee, the candidate and college mate of President Wilson, has been elected United States Senator over Thomas Parzan, Republican, and George L. Wellington, Progressive, and stands committed to carry out the Wilson policies.

As the vote went for Lee, so it did for all the other state and city Democratic candidates. McNulty, at one time an insurgent, was elected Sheriff, despite the belief that he would be slaughtered by the rank and file.

Coady, the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Third District, to succeed the late George Konig, was elected by an overwhelming majority, while the Democratic legislative ticket is safe in the First, Second and Third Districts, and it is believed has a chance in the Fourth District, heretofore a Republican stronghold.

All the constitutional amendments were endorsed. The election insures the Democrats sufficient votes to override any votes of Governor Goldsborough, the Republican Executive.

WASHINGTON NOT EXCITED.

Wilson Shows Pleasure at Returns From Several States.

Washington.—Washington failed to get up much enthusiasm about the elections, but President Wilson returned to the white house wearing a genial smile of satisfaction over returns from Massachusetts, Maryland, New York and New Jersey. The president watched the New Jersey returns closely for the final confirmation of the success of the Democratic ticket in New Jersey, for which he had spoken and voted.

ELECTION NEWS IN BRIEF

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Special.—Tammany suffered its greatest defeat in the election of John Purroy Mitchell, Fusion candidate for Mayor of New York City.

William Sulzer, deposed by Tammany as Governor, was elected member of the State Assembly on the Progressive ticket.

David I. Walsh, Democrat, was elected Governor of Massachusetts by an overwhelming plurality, succeeding Governor Eugene Foss, former Democrat, who ran for re-election as an Independent. Bird, Progressive, polled a larger vote than Gardner, Republican.

Returns indicate the election of James F. Fielder, Democrat, as Governor of New Jersey, by a large plurality.

Mayor Newton D. Baker, Democrat, running on the short nonpartisan ballot plan under the new city charter, has been re-elected Mayor of Cleveland.

Tom Taggart, Democratic boss, took a firmer hold of Indianapolis by the election of Joe Bell, his candidate for Mayor.

Rioting marked the election at Gary, Ind., and an appeal was made to the Governor for troops on the report that two men had been killed and many hurt.

Socialists won Mayors in three Ohio towns, Hamilton, Conneaut and Coshocton. In Hamilton, the Socialists again control the City Council.

Dayton, Springfield and Middletown, Ohio, elected five Commissioners to run the cities under the commission form of Government. In Dayton the Commission will name a city manager. Toledo, Ohio, for the first time since before the days of "Golden Rule" Sam Jones, elected a partisan Mayor. Carl Keller, Republican, won. Mayor Brand Whitlock, Independent, did not run for re-election.

Only one of the five constitutional amendments voted on in Ohio, the eligibility of women to be heads of state institutions, was adopted. Returns indicated the defeat of the initiated bill prohibiting the shipment of liquor into dry territory.

REVERSALS OF FORM

UNEXPECTED UPSETTING OF CALCULATIONS IN OHIO ELECTIONS.

Cincinnati and Cleveland Results Shocking Surprises to Politicians in the State Capitol.

Columbus, Ohio.—Bewildering reversals of form and the unexpected upsetting of the calculations of political leaders were features of the Ohio municipal elections Tuesday. The defeat of Mayor Henry T. Hunt, of Cincinnati, and the recapturing of that city by the old Republican organization under new leadership was a shocking surprise at the State Capitol.

Another shock was sustained in the great reduction of the majority to which Mayor Newton D. Baker has been receiving in Cleveland. It fell from 17,000 to less than 5,000 over Harry L. Davis, and there are claims that the Democratic control of Council is jeopardized.

In Toledo Senator Carl Keller, Republican, defeated both the Progressives under State Chairman Walter F. Brown and the old Independent organization which was founded by Golden Rule Samuel Jones and perfected by Brand Whitlock. The overthrow was a terrible one. In this city Mayor George J. Karb was re-elected with ease, securing as many votes as all of his three opponents.

In Hamilton, through the division of the old-time Democratic majority, the Socialists, who have been in control of the Council, seem to have elected their Mayor and increased their power in other ways.

This is disputed by the nonpartisan leaders, who believe that the belated returns will reverse the apparent result.

In Dayton and Springfield, where charter commissions were chosen, the conservatives, using nonpartisan ballots, resisted the efforts of the Socialists to obtain representation in those bodies.

On the whole the Socialists fell off greatly from two years ago, losing practically all of the cities they carried at that time, and gaining only in Hamilton and Coshocton, where, as stated, division gave them victory.

FIELDER GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY.

Trenton, N. J.—Returns received from all sections of the state indicate the election of James F. Fielder, Democratic candidate for Governor, by 10,000 plurality.

Mr. Fielder is the present Governor having succeeded to the office upon the resignation of Woodrow Wilson.

Edward C. Stokes, the Republican candidate, ran strong in South Jersey.

The vote cast for the progressive candidate, Everett Colby, proved a surprise to Republicans and Democrats alike.

Republicans concede the election of Democratic Assembly. The Democrats claim the election of four Senators, which will give them a majority in the upper House.

BUSCHEMEYER ELECTED

Democrats Maintain Hold on the Legislature in Kentucky Elections.

Louisville, Ky.—Wood F. Axton, Progressive candidate for Mayor, announced that he will contest the election of Dr. John H. Buschemeyer as Mayor of Louisville.

This announcement came at the end of one of the most strenuous days of politics ever seen in the commonwealth's metropolis. Mr. Axton in his statement bases his intention to contest the election on the ground of fraud.

Dr. Buschemeyer and the entire Democratic ticket in Louisville and Jefferson county won the day. With 45 precincts still missing, Buschemeyer leads 2,500. Bull Moose adherents are hopeful that precincts yet to be heard from will reduce his majority materially.

Complete returns from 153 precincts give Buschemeyer a majority of 2,403. George T. Wood, Republican, has received only a few hundred votes.

Returns from the county race are not complete, but the indications are the Democratic ticket will be successful in the county as well as city race. Sam Green, Democratic candidate for County Judge, is running far ahead of the ticket.

The Democrats of Kentucky have maintained their hold on the State Legislature, the results of the election returning both Representatives and Senators to their positions at Frankfort with scarcely an exception.

JUDGE SPIEGEL ELECTED MAYOR OF CINCINNATI

Cincinnati, O.—Judge Frederick S. Spiegel, Republican candidate for Mayor of Cincinnati, was elected by a plurality in excess of 3,000. Every candidate on the city ticket won with the leader, and the Republicans also have an overwhelming majority in the next City Council, having elected the six candidates at large and wrested several wards from the Democrats. It is likely that the latter will not have a membership of more than seven or eight.



Judge Frederick S. Spiegel, the Newly Elected Mayor of Cincinnati.

Mayor Hunt and his associates on the Democratic ticket were simply astounded by their defeat. They could not believe that such a result was possible. Early returns at Democratic headquarters by telephone showed losses everywhere over last year in the vote between Hopkins and Eyrich for county treasurer, when the latter carried the city by 1,375.

BELL FOR INDIANAPOLIS

Republicans Are Given Second Place—Two Killed in Riots in Gary.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Joseph E. Bell, Democrat, was elected Mayor of Indianapolis by a plurality of 5,500.

Charles A. Bookwalter, Republican, on the face of the complete unofficial returns, received a total of 14,337 votes, 123 more than were cast for Dr. William H. Johnson, Pro.

The entire Democratic ticket was elected by pluralities in the neighborhood of that received by Bell.

The Republicans, in spite of the difficulties they encountered, had a fairly good organization and did better than last year, when Taft, for President, and Durbin, for Governor, ran a poor third.

The vote was heavier than anticipated, in view of the strike conditions. National Committeeman Taggart directed the Democratic organization and was in touch with every ward throughout the day. He seemed to be confident from the start that Bell would win by a plurality exceeding 5,000.

Bookwalter used every effort to get out a winning vote, but conceded, after hearing from a few precincts that Bell had won by a plurality of at least 5,000.

AMENDMENTS FAIL TO CARRY

OHIO VOTERS ARE NOT ANXIOUS FOR FURTHER CHANGES IN CONSTITUTION.

SHORT BALLOT RECEIVES JOLT

Wet and Dry Proposals Go Into Disarray—Defeat of Plan to Permit Women to Manage State Institutions Not Definitely Known.

Columbus, Ohio.—Incomplete but illuminating reports from practically every county in Ohio indicate the decisive defeat of the various short ballot amendments to the constitution by tremendous majorities. After hearing from various localities, Attorney-General Timothy S. Hogan, who led the fight against the amendments, said:

"The returns indicate that the short ballot has been defeated by more than two to one. The result discloses that the people mean to continue to rule."

They have said in an unmistakable way that they are capable of selecting their own state officers. The result is very gratifying to State Treasurer Brennan, State Auditor Donahay and myself."

The succeeding reports verified this prediction, indicating that his calculations were far too modest. In the race has also gone down the proposal of reducing the size of the General Assembly and fixing representation on a proportional base. This suffered rather more severely than the other short ballot amendment, being actively opposed by the organized temperance forces. The rural voters fairly riddled it, in some counties the adverse proportions being 10 to 1.

The temperance forces, however, lost the so-called dry shipment bill initiated by the people and submitted to a referendum by petition. It did not prove popular even in many counties that are now dry. The bill proposed the prohibition of the shipment of liquor into this territory and fixed severe fines for bootlegging and illicit transportation.

The temperance forces were hoping that late returns would favor them, but the larger cities dissipated that longing as they were heavily against the bill.

Doubt exists as to the amendment to relieve public bonds from taxation. In the rural localities it felt the same opposition that was manifested toward all the submissions, but not to the same extent as the dry shipping bill. In some of the more heavily settled counties it actually carried by a slight majority. Its friends are hoping that the delayed urban vote will overcome the small pluralities in the bucolic regions and carry it into the constitution.

The outlook is rather foggy, as no accurate notion can be gained of the real returns. The same is true of the amendment which seeks to permit women to be appointed in state boards and to positions in public institutions having care of women and children. The general trend is highly favorable, and but few of the counties report a loss of the amendment. The majorities it received are small, however, and all depends upon what the great centers of population have done. Last year it was the city vote which defeated the amendment. The indications, however, are that the opposition of 1912 was not so strong, and that there is hope for the adoption of both the woman's and the bond amendments.

PENN. REPUBLICANS WIN.

Fiercest Fight Waged in Pittsburgh Over Candidate for Mayor.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The Republican organization has come into its own in Pennsylvania. In Pittsburgh, where the fiercest fight was waged, it is apparent that Joseph G. Armstrong, the Penrose-Oliver candidate for Mayor, has won by a small majority over Stephen G. Porter, the Finn-Magee candidate. This probably means that Armstrong carries the Legislative Representative of Allegheny county with him and also means that Boise Penrose will succeed himself as United States Senator.

In Philadelphia county the reformers on the Fusion ticket are snowed under. The Republican organization has elected its entire county ticket consisting of District Attorney, Registrar of Wills, Receiver of Taxes and City Treasurer and has elected enough members to organize both Select and Common Councils. This election is in the face of the almost solid opposition of the press of Philadelphia.

The Superior Court Justice vote is in doubt but it looks as if the nonpartisan ballot is a failure so far as preventing the organization from electing its candidates is concerned.

John J. Henderson, some times known as the "Standard Oil" Judge, probably has polled the largest vote and the second place on the ticket is contested by James Alcorn, a Republican, and Webster Grim, a Democrat, with the odds favoring Grim because he had the support of the Republican organization.

CHICAGO PACKER DIES

EDWARD MORRIS, HEAD OF BIG FIRM, SUCCUMBS.

Late Head of Packing Concern Is Declared to Have Left Property Worth \$50,000,000.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Edward Morris, head of the packing house of Morris & Co., and one of the three leaders of the meat industry of the country, died at his residence, 4800 Drexel boulevard Monday. He had been ill for a long time.

Since the death of his father, Nelson Morris, in 1907, he had held a place of high prominence in the industrial and financial life of Chicago. He was one of the four or five men who ruled the business of the stockyards in this city and elsewhere in the west—an industry that puts Chicago in close touch with the world.

Flags were flying at half-mast in the stockyards Tuesday. The representatives of a score of commercial and philanthropic institutions will assemble in tribute to the dead.

The funeral was held at 1:30 o'clock Monday afternoon from the Morris residence. Jenkins Lloyd Jones of Lincoln Center officiated. The body lay in state from twelve o'clock until one o'clock. The burial was in Rosehill cemetery.

Few business associates, however, knew of the critical nature of the illness. The news of death was a severe shock.

Mr. Morris' wealth at the time of his death was estimated at from \$30,000,000 to \$50,000,000, and was founded in the packing business of which he has been the chief executive since the death of his father, Nelson Morris, who died in 1907.

FLASHES OFF THE WIRE

Washington, Nov. 1.—Admiral Dewey repudiated the claims of Harry F. Dewey, an actor, under arrest at Alpena, Mich., on a charge of impersonating an officer, that he was the "favorite nephew" of the Spanish war hero.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 1.—William McMahon of Amboy, Ill., a brakeman, has been awarded the largest verdict but one ever recorded in Ramsay county, when a district court jury returned a verdict of \$39,000 in his favor against the Illinois Central Railway company. McMahon had both his arms crushed and one leg was cut off.

Berlin, Nov. 1.—The Nobel prize for science was awarded to Prof. Charles Richet, a member of the French Academy of Medicine and president of the Psychological Research society of London. He is sixty-three years old and has spent many years combatting tuberculosis.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo celebrated his fiftieth birthday anniversary and received congratulations on becoming a grandfather. His daughter, Mrs. Charles Taber Martin of Prescott, Ariz., has just become the mother of a girl.

GATES BODY PUT IN VAULT

Services for Late Millionaire at New York—Laid to Rest Beside Father.

New York, Nov. 4.—Funeral services of Charles G. Gates, the young millionaire whose hunting trip in the west was terminated by his sudden death at Cody, Wyo., were held on Sunday in the Madison Avenue Methodist church. The body was taken to Woodlawn cemetery where it will rest in one of the vaults until the family mausoleum designed to receive the body of the late John W. Gates as well as that of the son is completed.

JAMES J. HILL IN WARNING

Tells Financiers in Chicago That "Country Is Waterlogged With Bonds."

Chicago, Nov. 1.—James J. Hill, the dean of the nation's railroad builders, on Thursday night told 900 financiers and men of commerce that "credit had been abused"—that "the country is waterlogged with bonds," and that "if the present abuse of credit continues an abyss of possible suffering and financial distress opens before us."

Mr. Hill delivered his warning in an address at the annual banquet of the Investment Bankers' Association of America at the Congress hotel.

Train Kills Youth and Girl.

New Philadelphia, O., Nov. 4.—Lillian Myers, eighteen, employed at the Reed hotel here, and Charles A. Miller, twenty-two, Canal Dover, a teamster, were instantly killed here when struck by a freight train at a crossing while on their way to work.

Battleship Fleet Meets Rough Seas. Cape Race, Nov. 4.—The battleship fleet on its way to Mediterranean ports has encountered rolling seas blown up by fresh southwesterly winds. The vessels have 1,650 miles more to steam.

Rats Ravage Whole Island.

Tokio, Nov. 4.—The entire population of the small island of Nakashima, of the Ten Islands group in southern Japan, has been threatened with extermination by a veritable plague of rats.

ALREADY SEE FAULTS

Democratic Leaders Admit Blunders in Tariff Bill.

Humiliating Confession of Blundering and Incompetence Is Revealed by Statements Now Made as to the Measure.

The tariff bill is but a few weeks old. The business men whose affairs are most directly affected by it have not found time to determine its full effects or to adjust their operations to the conditions it creates. Yet already the Democratic majority in congress and President Wilson himself agree that the bill must be amended at once.

Not by adding anything to its provisions, not by strengthening any loosely drawn clause, but in a very important point by taking the backward track and undoing what was done deliberately and boastfully. The confession is made that the clause granting a rebate of 5 per cent. of the duties on imports in American vessels will have to be repealed. No attempt, in fact, is being made to enforce it because the government officials are so sure that the work done by congress at the dictation of the president will have to be undone immediately.

The administration is afraid to face the retaliatory measures which foreign powers are deemed certain to take. It fears, also, the loss in revenues collected if the discriminating clauses were to be enforced. The president is ready to surrender before the fighting begins.

What shall be said of the foresight, judgment and wisdom of the men who do such work for the nation? After many months of debate and consideration, ought not the majority in congress to be able to frame a tariff law which it could enforce without hesitancy for a month, at least? Could there be a more humiliating confession of blundering and incompetence than that which is made in the haste of the administration and the Democratic leaders in congress to repeal a clause of the tariff law a month old?

West Virginia Election.

The special congressional election in the Wheeling district is being interpreted by the national administration as an endorsement and by its opponents as the opposite. Mr. Neely goes to Washington with a majority of 2,500 or more, compared to the slim 169 gained by his predecessor in his last fight. But the combined total of votes for his Republican and Progressive rivals was greater than his, indicating, it is argued, a defeat had they acted together.

All such speculation, however, is pointless in view of the significant fact that the total vote for all candidates (and the Socialist polled nearly as many as the Progressive) was but three-fifths of the presidential vote in the district and about half the congressional vote at the last election. Assumption that the stay-at-home voters were satisfied with the Democratic policy must be as incapable of proof as that they were otherwise.

more probable frame of mind would be that in view of the overwhelming one-sidedness at Washington the bulk of the non-voters did not consider it worth while to record their preferences, feeling it would be of little effect one way or the other. This may not be a commendable attitude but it is the most plausible explanation for the apathy that keeps half the voters of a district away from the polls.

No Hope in Division.

There was a special election for governor in Arkansas a short time ago. All of the important parties put candidates in the field, though the state is always Democratic.

The Progressives and the Republicans made the election a test of their relative strength where they were nearly equal last fall, with the Republicans a little ahead. The "no-compromise" element was in control in both organizations.

The result was more favorable to the Republicans than to the Progressives, but it showed how hopeless the outlook is for both parties as long as they remain separate and hostile to each other. The Democratic candidate won with the utmost ease, although his nomination had caused much dissatisfaction in his own party, and the changes in the vote of the three great parties, compared with the returns last November, indicate that as long as the Progressives and the Republicans remain in two warring armies instead of getting together in one triumphant host, the minority party now in power will continue to dominate the country.

Worth Keeping in Mind.

Enthusiasts now proclaiming this the finest tariff bill ever passed should pause to reflect upon what happened to a distinguished individual who made a similar statement a few years back.

Protection.

Senator Saulsbury declared that "protection and Socialism are twin evils and ill-omened birds." Rhetorical, but better suited for the stump at Shady Grove than for the senate in Washington. Protection, so far from being an evil and an ill-omened bird, has been a blessing, and is intimately associated with much of our highest prosperity as a nation. In some measure—now large, now small—we have always employed protection in our scheme of raising revenue for the support of the government.

THE MOUNTAIN ADVOCATE

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT
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One Dollar Per Year in Advance

The Official Organ of the Republican
Party in Knox County.

THE AFTERMATH

At the November election in Knox county, on last Tuesday, the entire Republican county ticket was elected, and as a result of that election, Knox county will have for the four years, beginning January 1st, 1914, presiding over its affairs and administering the laws within the county as clean, and as honorable a set of officials as have ever been inducted into office since Knox county was created, in the year 1793. All the newly elected officers, who will be inducted into office on January 1st, 1914, won their respective places by such large majorities as there can be no doubt in the mind of any fair minded citizen as to the clear and untainted title to the respective positions to which they were elected. They won in what is conceded by everybody who knows anything about what took place at the polls in the various precincts of Knox county, in one of the fairest and most orderly elections ever held in this section of the State, and each of them will be inducted into office with the people of Knox county feeling that they have rightfully been elected to the office to which they hold, and the good citizens of the county should give their influence and support toward assisting the county officials for the coming four years in giving Knox county one of the best and most efficient administrations of the county's affairs it has had. With such men in office as those who have just been elected, the writer feels that this county is in as safe hands as any county in the State of Kentucky, and that its affairs will be so administered that there can not and will not be the slightest criticism of the motives which may inspire the county officers to act upon the various matters which they will be compelled to act upon during their term of office.

Many candidates were defeated, and this is true in every election where more than one man runs for the same office, and the man who has been defeated and his friends owe it to the County, to the State, and to the good people of the Commonwealth, who love law and order, to join hands with those who were successful and who were in the majority and use every honest and faithful effort toward the upbuilding of the public institutions of the county and the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth. The man who voted for some candidate who was defeated is as much a citizen of the County and of the State as is the man who voted for the candidate who was most successful and who was elected by the largest majority, and each of them owe the same duty to the State, to his fellowman and to his family, and that duty is to assist the county officers in every possible way in the enforcement of the law.

The Republicans have again demonstrated that the people are with them; they have shown there is nothing in the cry that the people have ever intended to go out of the Republican Party, and the returns of the recent election show that a great majority of those who voted for Roosevelt last year are now back in the Republican party. The Bull Moose did not elect, in so far as the estimated returns now show, a single member of the House of Representatives in

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W. H. McDonald, Editor of the Mountain Advocate

the Kentucky Legislature for the coming session; the 100 members of that body were elected from the Democratic party and from the Republican party. Of the 38 members of the Kentucky Senate the Bull Moose did not elect a single member, and this body likewise will be composed of Democrats and Republicans. Out of the 120 counties in the State of Kentucky, the Progressives did not carry a single county, save one. They lost in Knox; they lost in Whitley; they lost in Laurel; they lost in Bell; they lost in McCreary, and in every county in this section of the State with the exception of a part of the ticket in Harlan county. These facts are of the most convincing character and ought to convince any Republican who has heretofore been voting the Progressive ticket, that he is making a mistake, and that the Progressive Party is a thing of the past; that it is dead; that the only place for the man who has been voting the Republican ticket in the past is back with the party of Lincoln and McKinley—back with the Log

Cabin—back with all his neighbors and friends in this mountain section who have voted so consistently for the grand old party that has stood out throughout many fierce and repeated struggles as the best assets of a Representative Government, the best example of which is the United States. There can be no longer any excuse for those in Knox county who have been voting against the Republican ticket in an effort to break up and destroy the Republican Party to go out and say that the Republican party is not the party of the great common people. The recent election returns demonstrate that the Republican party is in fact the party of the common people, and is the party that ought to have the support of every man in this section of the State and the party that will, unless the people get fair representation in the Legislature of this State, and in Congress of the United States, eventually have the support of practically every voter in Southeastern Kentucky. The Advocate, at this, the close of what has

been an exciting campaign in Knox county, extend the welcoming hand to those who have been voting the Progressive ticket and cordially invite them back into the Republican Party where they properly belong. It hopes that each candidate who was defeated on last Tuesday and those who supported them will come back into the Republican party and that in the future we will all be abreast in giving battle to those in the Democratic Party, who do not believe in the principles upon which the Republican Party was constructed, and for which the Republican electorate of the Nation has voted for sixty years.

The Log Cabin is the device of the party of our fathers. It has stood the fierce assaults of the embattled hosts of free trade in many a bitter and hard fought campaign, and its grand victories will stand out resplendent with success in years to come. Let us forget our differences in the past. Let those who have been away come back home—come back into the Republican party, and by so doing make the Republican party an invincible power for good government with such strength as will sweep the Democratic party from power in both State and the Nation in the next election.

AS WE SEE IT.

THE election is over. We may now, after the heat of battle, see most clearly some of the mistakes of some of the so-called Progressive leaders.

These Progressive leaders have conducted a campaign of vilification and slander. No man of any prominence in the county who opposed them, was spared. Thieves, Scoundrels, Rogues, Gang, Ring, Clique and Boss, were their favorite words and their so-called campaign arguments. This applies only to the Bull Moose candidates.

The Democrats for the most part conducted a conservative campaign, making few charges and none of a serious character.

The Republicans met the Bull Moose abuse by facts and arguments, appealing to the reason, not the passions of the voters. The Bull Moose leaders have been carrying on this campaign of abuse for more than a year, and many good and true men in Knox county were misled and deceived by their false charges.

These so-called leaders had a two-fold purpose in view: first to continue themselves in office, and secondly, to destroy the Republican party.

Many were deceived last year, but the truth came out. The good Republicans of the county began to find them out. Desertion followed desertion. The Bull Moose ranks dwindled from about 1,300 votes last fall to about 500 in the August primary.

Although the Moosers and Democrats combined, yet some of the Republican nominees carried the county on Tuesday by big majorities. It looked almost unanimous to us. The so-called Moose leaders were weighed in the balance and found wanting.

The charges made against the Republican party and its leaders were found to be groundless and the people returned to the party and principles of their fathers. The honest, sober minded voters, who were once Republicans and who have been deceived, are coming back. We welcome them back into the fold, all good and true Republicans extend to them the hand of brotherly love, and we trust that our friends who have been trying to disrupt and destroy the "Grand Old Party" will see the error of their way and return to the old party, that we may all join hands and present a solid front to the common enemy. We shall soon vote for a Governor and United States Senator. Boys let us all forget and forgive and be brothers, Republicans once more. Much good can come from all this if we are wise enough to understand and put into prac-

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the lesson which it teaches. Let us be more considerate one with the other. Let peace, harmony and good will prevail. March on and forward to victory as we have done in the past. Why permit the Democrats to incite us to scratch and fight among ourselves. We both lose. Why not get together and turn upon the democrats?

Let us answer the call to arms and get ready to win Kentucky in 1915, and the Nation in 1916. Our friends ought to know by this time that you can not win votes by abuse and slander. Those who resorted to this sort of campaign most, lost by the largest majorities.

The day of the mud-slinger and vile slanderer is past away; decent and honest people—get together, is the word. Let those who believe in the principles of the Republican party enroll under its banner and if there be those who can not subscribe to this political creed, let him refrain from vile slander.

All of us who believe in the Grand Old Party and in the uplift and prosperity of Knox county, should rejoice over the grand victory of last Tuesday.

G. O. P.

Well that the G. O. P. is now all together, and in the future we will only fight for the one common cause that of the Republican Party, this is shown by the recent Election in which the Republican ticket was elected from Constable to County Judge as was predicted by the Advocate from the time that the present Editor took charge of the affairs of the Advocate, except that of one Justice of the Peace in dist. no 4 which elected a Democrat and we did not stop at that J. H. Jarvis the only nominee on the Republican ticket was elected Judge of Police Court. J. M. Wilson a Republican for Mayor of the city, Mr. Wilson did not enter the primary but went on as an Independent, under a Device of his own defeating a Progressive also an Independent by a majority of 41 Messrs. W. C. Faulkner, John. W. Hughes, W. H. Detherage, W. C. Lockhart, B. P. Bingham, Joseph Moore, all Independent, 4 Republicans and two Democrats were elected.

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Resolution of Respect

WHEREAS, the death angel has visited our ranks and taken from among us, brother Jas. E. Ricard, on Oct. 17, 1913, therefore be it Resolved, that Mackey Bend Lodge No. 358 I. O. O. F. has lost a true and estimated odd fellow his family a kind and loving father and the community a respected and honorable citizen, and be it further,

Resolved, that we extend to the bereaved family our heart felt sympathy in their great misfortune and sorrow, and commend them to him who can comfort and bless. Be it also

Resolved, that as a token respect, a copy of these resolutions be presented to the wife of the deceased brother, a copy spread on the record book of our lodge and a copy sent to the county paper and the Kentucky odd fellow for publication.

Asel Elliott
W. E. Warfield } comm
B. Pope

ELECTION RETURNS

Since we go to press we have received the official returns, as follows:—

Representative	
J. C. Lay.....	2,527
J. S. Terrill.....	957
Robert Birch.....
County Judge	
T. G. Hammons.....	2,263
J. T. Stamper.....	1,718
County Court Clerk	
W. F. Amis.....	1,303
R. P. Black.....	2,661
County Attorney	
T. E. Sasser.....	1,289
J. F. Catron.....	2,294
H. C. Faulkner, Jr.....	236
Sheriff	
S. L. Lewis.....	2,459
W. H. Davis.....	1,610
Jailer	
F. J. Mitchell.....	2,498
J. H. Blackburn.....	1,206
W. J. Dizney.....	76
Coroner	
J. F. Dozier.....	2,397
J. W. Messamore.....	742
Surveyor	
F. M. Reese.....	2,211
William Parker.....	1,132
Assessor	
C. B. Williams.....	2,482
G. G. Cobb.....	1,059
School Superintendent	
J. B. Campbell.....	2,055
W. W. Evans.....	2,527

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L. & N. Time Table

NORTH BOUND	
No. 22 Daily, due.....	10:09 a m
No. 12 Daily except	
Sunday.....	
1:52 p m	
No. 24 Daily, due.....	11:44 p m
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 23 Daily, due.....	3:58 p m
No. 11 Daily, except	
Sunday.....	
6:43 a m	
No. 21 Daily, Due.....	3:45 a m
SHORT DOG	
No. 14 North bound	7:12 p m
No. 13 South bound	8:31 p m
Street car leaves Hotel Jones	
twenty minutes before schedule time	
for trains	

Cumberland R. R. Company.
TIME TABLE

South Bound.	
TRAINS:—	
DAILY	
No. 1, Lve. Artemus	7:00 a m.
No. 3, Lve. Artemus	10:25 a m.
No. 5, Lve. Artemus	4:15 p m.
No. 35, Lve. " Sundays	7:30 a m.
No. 37, Lve. " Sundays	4:15 p m.
North Bound.	
No. 2, Arr. Artemus	9:10 a m.
No. 4, Arr. Artemus	1:20 p m.
No. 6, Arr. Artemus	6:35 p m.
No. 36, Arr. " Sunday	9:40 a m.
No. 38, Arr. " Sunday	6:30 p m.
W. B. STARKE, Gen. Pass. Agt.	
T. H. HAYDEN, Gen. Mgr.	

For Sale

I have for sale one s/x room house and lot containing about one acre with barn that will house twenty head of stock situated on the best macadamized street in town, water, gas and electric lights. Also another lot containing about 3 acres, all above high water, and in good shape, will sell cheap. I also have a small farm containing about 40 acres, good seven room house, good well, good stable and good orchard. Will sell at a sacrifice. Call on or address, W. H. McDONALD, Barbourville, Ky.

U. S. Marshal's Sale

By virtue of Fl. fa. 226, which issued from the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of Kentucky, at London, in favor of the United States of America, and against Matt Baker, Wm. Baker, George Horn and Cal Baker, and which fl. fa. was duly levied upon the undivided interest of the said Wm. Baker and Cal Baker, in the land hereinafter described, I will on MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24TH, 1913, at about the hour of 1 o'clock, in the afternoon, at the front door of the Court House, in Barbourville, Kentucky, that being the first day of the regular November term of the Knox County Court, offer for sale, to the highest and best bidder, all the undivided interests, whether inherited by them or acquired by them, respectively, of the said Wm. Baker and Cal Baker, in and to the following described tract of land, in Knox county, on Keith branch of Stinking creek:—

Beginning on a gate post on the side of the county road; thence with the southeast conditional line to the top of the ridge to the head of the branch; thence around the head of the branch to the Thomas Hammons and John Walker line; thence running down said ridge to the conditional line on the side of the Fork ridge near the end of the ridge; thence to an oak stump corner of the conditional line; thence to two poplars on the bank of the creek; thence with the county road to the beginning.

Said land will be sold on a credit of six months; the purchaser will be required to give bond for amount of purchase money, bearing interest from date until paid, with lien retained as security; amount to be raised \$100 and \$21.45 costs.

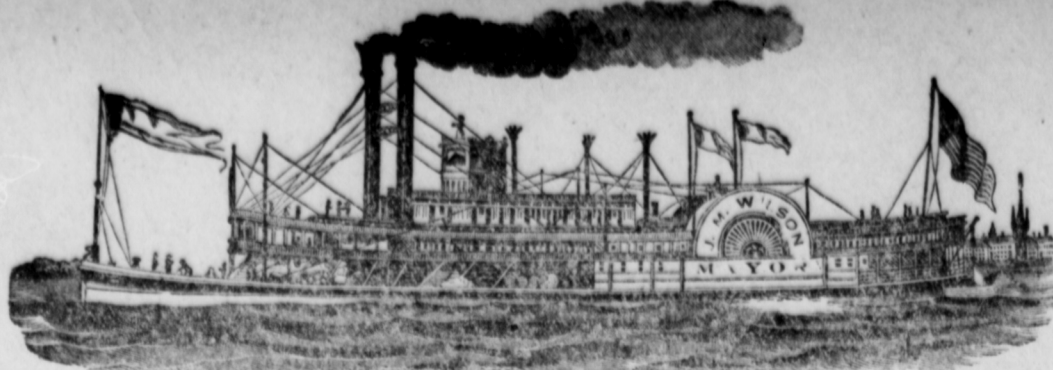
This November 6th, 1913.

A. B. PATRICK,

U. S. Marshal.

By S. VANBEEK,

Deputy U. S. Marshal.



MADE A SUCCESSFUL VOYAGE

Farmers Institute

The Annual Farmers Institute for Knox County will be held at the Court House in Barbourville on Friday Nov. 7th and Saturday Nov. 8th and every one is urged to attend.

Farm life in all its phases will be discussed by experts and there will also be speakers on forestry and good roads. Mrs. M. F. Ginnville addresses the ladies on household affairs and the ladies are urged to attend.

These meetings are for the farmers and they should show their appreciation by being present.

There will be services at the Christian Church next Saturday at the usual hours. The subject of the morning sermon will be "The Church—as It Was, as It Is, and as It Ought to Be". "A New Testament Conversion" will be discussed at the evening service.

Though at one time in the early history of the county an average of 6,000 maple trees were destroyed in clearing the ordinary New York or Pennsylvania farm, maple is to day according to a Department of Agriculture bulletin, one of the most widely used and valuable native hardwood and finds place in an enormous number of articles in daily use, from roofing pens to piano and organs. It is one of the best woods for flooring and is always a favorite material for floors of roller skating rinks and bowling alleys. It leads also all other woods as a material for shoe lasts and shoe pegs.

Sugar maple stands near the top of the list of furniture woods in this country. The so-called "bird's-eye" effect, the department explains, is probably due to buds for some reason cannot force their way through the bark, but when removed just beneath it year after year, the young woods is distorted each succeeding season by the presence of the bud and grows around it in fantastic forms, which are exposed when the saw cuts through the abnormal growth.

It is one of the chief woods used for agricultural implements and farm machinery, because of its strength and hardness. All kinds of woodware are made of maple, which holds importance rank also in the manufacture of shuttles, spoils and toolbins. It competes with black gum for first place in the manufacture of rollers of many kinds employed in house moving to the less massive ones used on lawn mowers. Athletic goods, school supplies, brush backs, pulleys, type cases and crutches are a few of the other articles for which maple is in demand.

Seven species of maple grow in the United States of which sugar maple, sometimes called hard maple, is the most important. Sugar maple, says the department, is in little danger of disappearing from the American forests, for it is a strong, vigorous, aggressive tree, and though not a fast grower is able to hold its own.

Prof Little, Knox County Forest Warden, says that in addition to the uses above enumerated fiddles and gunstocks are made from maple, and everyone above forty knows how profitable maple sugar orchards once were, and he hopes to live to see them restored, which he says will be promptly after their destruction by fire can be prevented.

The scorching of trees, Prof Little says, is a hollow work, and these the great value of both maple and black gum trees is seriously impaired by fire even when they are

not killed outright. Another thrifty and valuable hardwood growth of our mountainous districts is the dogwood, where beautiful white flowers are among the earliest to bedeck the forest verdure in the spring, like banners of peace dotting the woodlands to presage the peaceful return of another golden summer.



HON. JAMES MILLER WILSON

Who was elected to succeed himself as Mayor of the city of Barbourville, Ky. Mr. Wilson ran against a very prominent Progressive, but owing to the popularity of this young man won a narrow margin, and will run in 1914, we are proud of him and his record.



PORK SALTED DOWN BY J. M. WILSON

HELL'S ICE CREAM

Product is Warranted to Be Purest in Pennsylvania; Family With a Brims one Smelling Name Not Averse to Using Same in a Business Sort of Way

The Pamm family, of world fame, bids fair to lose its renown by the discovery of the Hell family, in the town of Farrell, Pa., built by the United States Steel corporation.

Members of the Hell family are not averse to using their name in a business way. One of the family, Conrad Hell, an ice cream manufacturer, has signs reading: "Go to Hell for ice cream!" scattered throughout the city. Another sign reads:

"Ice cream from Hell is guaranteed pure and cooling."

When a stranger entered Main street he is startled by a big billboard reading:

"Hell is here; don't miss the place."

A block further down the street this sign is encountered:

"You will find everything there on a hot day; Hell is always open."

The big sign which, however, attracts most attention is in front of Hell's place of business. It represents a young couple eating ice cream and the young woman saying to her escort:

"Hell for mine; always."

The Complete Returns.

In next week's issue we will give the complete returns. We can not give them this week as the Commissioners cannot get the returns canvassed in time for us to get in this issue the exact figures of the winners in Tuesday's drawing.

To Aid Colored Teachers in Domestic Science and Farming

"Household Ethics and Industrial Training in the Colored Schools of Kentucky," is the title of a booklet written by C. L. Timberlake and published by the Department of Education of Kentucky. Barksdale Hamlett, superintendent, says that although the Bulletin is somewhat of a departure from the regular order, he encouraged it because of a deep interest in the betterment of the colored people of the State. In the introduction Mr. Timberlake points out that it has been truthfully said, "General education prepares the student to live well, while vocational education prepares him to work well."

Realizing that the strength of the new Kentucky is its rural population, the pamphlet deals with the character of instruction given for better management of the home and the farm. The formation of father's and mother's clubs is encouraged as of their importance emphasized. The greater part of the bulletin is taken up with helps, hints and advice on the subject of household arts and agriculture. So simple and important household duties as sweeping, removing stains, cleaning, the tables and cooking are outlined in detail.

Under the head of agriculture, after setting forth the importance of instilling in the pupil a love for the soil, for the care of animals and for the occupation of farming by the parent and the teacher, Mr. Timberlake outlines an approval course in agriculture and domestic science by grades. Mr. Timberlake closes with a short talk on gardening after printing the number of free bulletins issued by the United States Department of Agriculture of corn, catywing and the dairy herd, poultry farm animals, potatoes, insects on the farm and home use. The booklet is distributed in quantity and is certain to prove of great educational value when widely distributed.

WHAT THE KIDNEYS DO

Their Unceasing Work Keeps Us Strong and Healthy.

All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys filter the blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 150 grains of impurities for duty. When they are some part of this impure matter is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms which vary, which may include pain in the back, head, the nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatic pains, gout, gravel, disorders of the eyes, sugar and heating, dizziness, irregular heart, debility, drowsiness, depression in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right the danger is overcome. Jones' Kidney Pills have proven an effective kidney medicine.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, 1015 Madison Street, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "My experience with Jones' Kidney Pills has been such that I can recommend them for kidney trouble. The action of my kidneys was irregular and often accompanied by pain. My back bothered me and I felt all worn out. When I heard about Jones' Kidney Pills, I used them and they made me feel better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 75c. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Jones' and make no other.

FOR SALE.

I have a few Golden Buff Orpington Cockerels for sale. Call at Mrs. Wm. Burnside, River Street, Barbourville, Ky.

Magazine Bazaar

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will hold a Magazine Bazaar in the Jones building beginning December 8th. They have the privilege of clubbing with any Magazine published in America. Call and get cheap rates—lower than the publishers' rates.



Make yours "The Home Beautiful" by Decorating Your Walls with

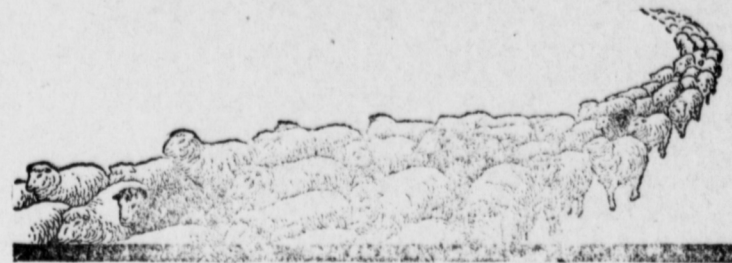
Pee Gee Flatkoatt

The Modern, Durable, Flat Oil Finish

It doesn't require much money to decorate your walls artistically with PEE GEE FLATKOATT. 24 soft, deep, velvety colors to select from—No more expensive and frequent redecorating; Flatkoatt-ed walls are easily cleaned with a moist sponge.

FREE Write direct to Decorating Department, PEASLEE-ILLUSTRATED GAULBERT CO., Inc., Louisville, Ky., for advice and suggestions. "The Modern Method of Finishing Walls" BOOK and color card—write or ask us for it.

CROLEY HDW. & GRO. COMPANY
Barbourville, - Kentucky.



White sheep give more wool than black sheep--there are more of them

REMINGTON stenographers do more of the world's work than other stenographers--there are more of them.

Nature only knows why there are more white sheep than black.

All the world knows why there are more Remington operators than others.

REMINGTON is the machine in which the most operators have confidence--and the machine which gives them the confidence to risk work.

REMINGTON is the machine in which the majority of good business schools have confidence--the confidence to turn out competent, efficient operators--the thing on which the very life of those schools depends.

REMINGTON is the machine in which business men and business houses have confidence--because the majority of good stenographers are Remington trained and "go to work the first day without breaking in."

12,500,000 Remington letters

mailed in the United States every business day in the year

Isn't that the answer to the question, "which machine is the best?"

Throughout the world Remington is a synonym for typewriter efficiency. It is the heart of the business world.

Remington Typewriter Company (Incorporated)

Millsboro, - Kentucky

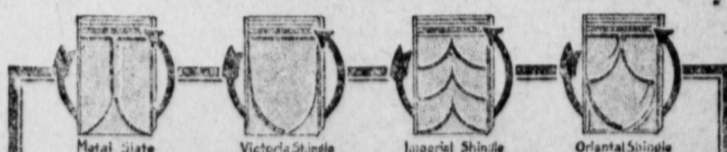
A WOMAN'S PROBLEM

In the looking-glass a woman often sees wrinkles, hollow circles under eyes, "crow's feet,"--all because she did not turn to the right remedy when worn down with those troubles which are distinctly feminine. Backache, headache, pains, lassitude, nervousness and drains upon vitality--bring untold suffering to womanhood and the face shows it. The nervous system and the entire womanly make-up feels the tonic effect of

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION.

It allays and subdues nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, and other distressing symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic diseases of the feminine organs. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency. Known everywhere and for over 40 years as the standard remedy for the diseases of women. Your dealer in medicines sells it in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form; or you can send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription tablets. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS REGULATE AND INVIGORATE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. SUGAR-COATED TINY GRANULES.



CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES

The four designs of Cortright Metal Shingles as shown above are made in any of the following ways:

1. Stamped from Tin-plate and painted Red.
2. Stamped from Tin-plate and painted Green.
3. Stamped from Tin-plate and Galvanized by a hand-dipping process.
4. Stamped from special tight-coated Galvanized Sheets.

Each and every genuine Cortright Metal Shingle is embossed with this Trade-mark, "Cortright Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."

For Sale by

Agent, J. H. BLACKBURN, Barbourville, Ky.

PERSONAL

Running some! Who? Read. P. Slack.

H. L. Cannon of Cannon, Ky. was in town Tuesday.

Boys it pays to laugh, think of Frank. J. Mitchell.

S. L. Lewis made a flying trip to Wilton Tuesday.

Walker. G. Martin of Warren was in town Monday.

W. R. Marsee, of Artemus, was attending Court this week.

C. R. Luttrell of Warren was in the city Wednesday.

Victor McDonald is very sick and is in the Richmond Hospital.

S. H. Jones was in Richmond, Saturday with a car load of cattle.

W. C. Black attended the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons last week.

Hon. R. S. Rose of Williamsburg is here this week attending Court.

W. W. Tinsley, Referee in Bankruptcy is in Middlesboro this week.

Sawyer A. Smith made a trip to Middlesboro last night to see Mutt and Jeff?

You just ought to see the prices on everything at Englands store, Tarriff off.

Miss. Jess. Dickenson and Daisy. Burchfield of Pinville was in Town Tuesday.

T. J. Vermillion is in Estell County where he has a large contract with the L. & N. R. Co.

Jerry Leddington who was tried this week for manslaughter received a verdict of not guilty.

J. T. Henson is home to vote but will return to St. Petersburg Fla. to spend the winter.

Chas. Chandler of London, Ky. was in the city Monday looking over the Telephone line.

Hon. H. N. Camp of Knoxville is here this week representing the Camp Coal Company.

Amis Mayhew, who has been in Okla. for sometime past returned last week to this city.

We are a little late getting out this week you might ask the matter with the Devil nothing, just late.

Judge J. M. Gilbert and Hon. N. J. Neller was in the city today, to argue a case before Judge Sampson.

Jack Bradley Supt and General Manager of the Trosper Coal Company was with us a few hours today.

Hon. Joe Bosworth of Middlesboro State Senator was here Wednesday shaking hands with old friends.

Dr. Black had an accident his horse fell on him the other day got Doc to walking with a cane, but he is getting better.

J. R. Tuggle and family has moved from his late residence and are now boarding with Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Payne, on Depot Street.

Hon. S. A. Smith assistant United States attorney for the Eastern District of Kentucky returned home Friday.

The old trestle across Richland valley, will soon be a thing of the past, and substituted with a fill which is nearing completion.

Subscribe for the Advocate it will do you good and help us want to make it a good paper and in order to you must help.

Dr. S. C. Jones has moved into the property formerly owned and occupied by J. R. Tuggle. We are glad to have you, "Doc," here is our hand.

Robert Morris whom every one knows as squire Morris missed voting Tuesday, for the first in 53 years, uncle Bob is getting quite feeble.

Many Women took part in the election Tuesday many of them colored, no use to challenge one of the colored girls they can all read and write in Knox County.

Sheriff Lewis is in town, looking over the situation and getting ready for business January 5th 1913, when he, with the other officers, will be inducted into office.

If Lincoln, Grant, Sheaman Sheridan, were here to day and could see some of the cops that some of the old Soldiers are cutting wonder what they would have to say about them.

In the case of the common wealth of Kentucky against W. M. Brown for Perjury, the attorney for the common wealth dismissed the case as the old Colored Brother made good.

Dr. J. S. Lock, Earl Stanfill and Edward Scent, goes to Shelbyville, Ky. after just finishing a months work in Harlan County in their campaign against the much dreaded Hook Worms.

James Singleton, who has been making his home at Johnson city, Tenn. Arrived last Saturday for a visit until the first of the year. After which he will return to the Soldiers Home.

We notice that Capt John H. Lawson is building another large brick store room, and has a nice two story brick dwelling almost complete if we had a few more like him we would sure enough have a city.

Mountain Lodge no 187 F & A M will meet tomorrow night! Sat the 8 at 7 p m wook in masters degree all members and visitors are requested to be present.

W. H. McDonald Master
C. G. Black Secy

M. T. McDonald who has been in Richmond for a few days past with his brother Victor who is sick, in the Patta A Day hospital, returned home Thursday of this week. Reports his brother little improved.

Mrs. Frank Haun who has been in Louisville in a hospital for three weeks past, has returned home, after a surgical operation.

Miss. Myrtle Boston, of Fla. Lick, was a guest of Miss. Nanco Riley, Sunday and Thursday of this week.

The election is now over and we want all kinds of news, local or otherwise, which have been crowded out on account of Campaign Thunder for at least six weeks. Now we have time and room; any visitors, if you are not ashamed of, send them in.

LOCALS

Ambitious young men and women should read the advertisement of the popular and successful Wilbur R. Smith Business College. It educates and helps to success. Address, Wilbur R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

Sold Farms

J. C. Sprout sold his two farms this week, realizing a good price we are told. Mr. Sprout will possibly make his residence here in Barbourville. He has quite a lot of land yet.

"POVERTY SOCIAL"

A "Poverty Social" will be given Saturday night, November 8th, from seven until ten o'clock, at the home of Mrs. W. S. Jarvis on School Street. Refreshments will be served and prizes given. Every one is invited. Admission 10-cents.

A SCRAP

A funny fight occurred at Wilton Wednesday, E. McKeehan was the Republican Candidate for Justice of the Peace against J. B. Logan a Progressive, after McKeehan had beaten Logan by a majority of 33 on Tuesday, Wednesday morning they met in the Company's store at Wilton, and began to pound each other, after they had been pulled apart it was found that each had his marks and that the store was minus a 3x60 plate glass.

DANGEROUSLY BURNED

Amanda Lawson, 4 years old daughter of Lewis Lawson who lives in the north end of town, was severely burned by letting her clothes catch on fire in front of an open grate.

As we go to press they report that she is in bad condition. Her clothes were burned off.

CIRCUIT COURT OPENED

Circuit Court Convened here Monday the third with Judge F. D. Sampson presiding a large crowd of people were in attendance. Judge Sampson gave the most forceful instructions to the Grand Jury ever given and is the only Circuit Judge who ever gave the instructions to indict the fellows who used whiskey and money in elections except Hon. H. C. Faulkner who started in to break up this traffic but the citizens would not stand by Judge Faulkner and he could do nothing, the people should stand by Judge Sampson and help to break up this evil.

The following is a list of the Grand Jury, W. D. King, foreman; J. T. Edwards, Nelson Jones, James Bullock, Eli Bow-

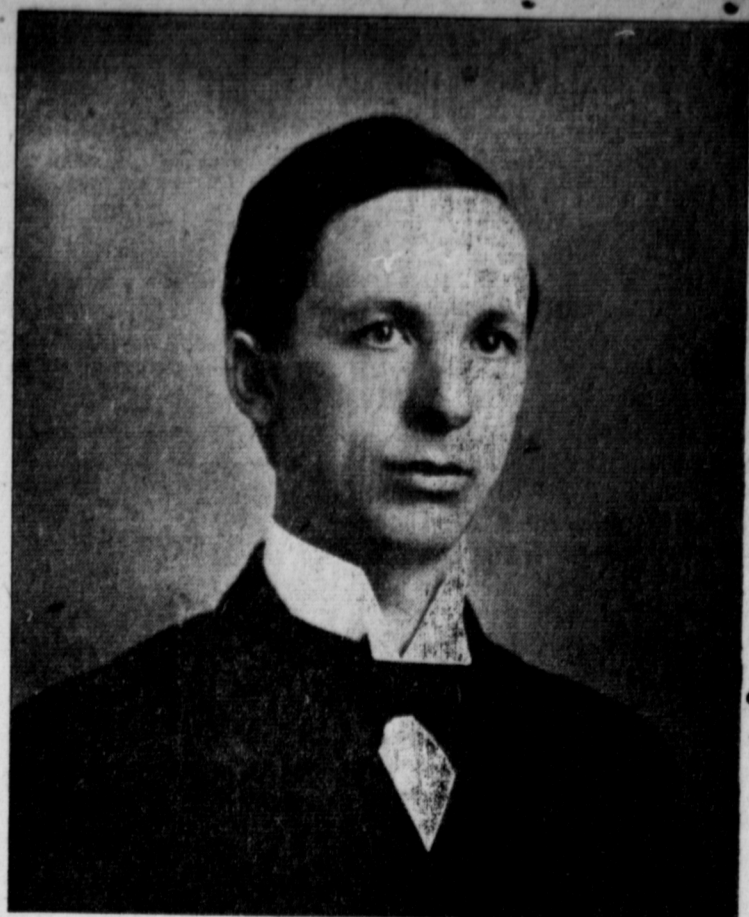
lin, C. E. Nnekois, Scott Lovitt, John McMasser, Jake Phipps, C. N. Pope, Nelson Bingham Geo. Johnson.

Petit Jurors as follows: Frank Jackson, John Warren, Beecher Jackson, H. T. Lee, Joel Detherage, sr., E. J. Landy, John Messer, Joe Main, John Murphy, Tilden Shelton, John A. Jones, J. S. Calhoun, Elliot Sealf, L. W. Cox, E. J. Werrick, J. A. Dyre, G. R. Ogan, Grant Hampton, W. H. Grace, Jas Hinkle, Jesse Saylor, Craig Sharp, Joel Detherage, Jr., Calvin Sexton, A. J. Bolton, W. M. Baker, Jas. Scott, W. K. Parker.

Davis-Mayhew

Alex Mayhew who was formerly employed by the Arcade store of this city, but who is now located at Welch, W. Va. with the E. R. Eppling wholesale grocery house was married last week. He left Welch, W. Va. as he claimed on a visit to homefolks here, but instead he went to St. Lewis, Mo. where he met Miss Bertha Davis of Billings, Okla. Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Davis who he had known for something like three years. They united in marriage there and left for Welch, W. Va. When they arrived it was a great surprise to his brother, W. P. Mayhew of this place who thought he had been on a visits to homefolks here.

They will be located at Welch, will begin housekeeping shortly. The Advocate wishes them a happy and prosperous future.



DR. WILLIAM CARSON BLACK

Dr. Black is one of our own county boys, being born in this city 38 years ago. He was elected Grand High Priest at Louisville, Ky., October 21st, by acclamation. He is the first Grand High Priest ever elected east of Lexington, this being the 96th year of its existence in this State. He was also appointed one of the Committee on Work, by the Grand Master of Kentucky.

Dr. Black is a graduate from Union College in the class of 1896 with the A. B. Deg., M. D. Deg. at Medico and Surgical College, Philadelphia, in 1899. Served as health officer for city, appointed Regimental Surgeon by Governor Bradley, and Regimental Surgeon by Gov. Taylor, and did considerable surgery until he entered into the coal business 6 years ago.

Dr. Black has served the city as a member of the Board of City Council, a member of the Legislature and was the minority Leader on the floor of the Lower House, member of S. A. E. Gree Letter College Fraternity, has served three times as Master, and three times as High Priest in his home Lodge, is Past Commander of the K. O. T. M's. He Remembered his friends as far as possible in his appointments, including the appointment of all Grand Officers from Grand Chaplain to Grand Sentinel, the personnel of the Grand Chapter of Kentucky is as follows:

William Carson Black, Barbourville,	R. E. Grand High Priest,
W. R. Shackleford, Richmond,	R. E. Deputy Grand High Priest
J. W. Jewett, Eminence,	R. E. Grand King
Geo. B. Winslow, Carrollton,	R. E. Grand Scribe
H. R. French, Mt. Sterling,	R. E. Grand Secretary
F. H. Johnson, Louisville,	R. E. Grand Treasurer
John C. McKee, London,	E. Grand Chaplain
Isaac T. Woodson, Louisville,	E. Grand Captain of Host
S. S. Pinney, Mt. Sterling,	E. Grand Principal Sojourner
Sam K. Veach, Carlisle,	E. Grand Royal Arch Captain
C. G. Moreland, Marion,	E. Grand Master Third Veil
Jas. W. Turner, Paintsville,	E. Grand Master, Second Veil.
Thos. D. Tingley, Barbourville,	E. Grand Master, First Veil
Charles A. Gipe, Louisville,	E. Grand Sentinel

Committee on Appeals:—Virgil P. Smith, Somerset; Thos. P. Posey, Russellville; Jas. W. Hamilton, Richmond.

Committee on By-Laws:—O. S. Ware, Covington; R. W. Oserall, Madisonville; H. N. Barbee, Mayfield.

Committee, Chapters U. D.—Hanson L. Peterson, Cynthia; N. Randall day, Whitesburg; T. B. Bullock, Vanceburg.

Committee—Doings of Grand Chapters.—G. Allison HollaNd, Eminence.

Committee on Finance.—Dave Jackson, London; J. O. Russell, Columbia; W. G. Rigney, Lancaster.

Committee on Jurisprudence.—James D. Black, Barbourville; D. S. Haggard, Winchester; Robt E. Staten, Brooksville.

Committee on Necrology.—George A. Lewis, Frankfort.

Committee on Homes.—W. W. Clarke, Owensboro; Hugh L. Young, Pineville; J. E. Bullock Greenup.

Committee on Credentials.—Earl W. Weathers, Elkton; F. N. Flip-pin, Monticello; N. S. Walker, Henderson.

Committee on Visitors.—John T. Kincaid, Lexington; S. M. Cecil, Pikeville; E. E. Nelson, Williamsburg.

Committee on Grievances.—Henry S. Adams, Eminence; A. W. Morris, Fulton; W. E. Poole, Pine Grove.

Committee on Inspection.—John A. Gray, Louisville; John W. Brown Mt. Vernon; F. D. Rash, Earlinton.

Special Committee.—William Carson Black, Grand High Priest, Chm ex-offio; Geo. A. Lewis, Frankfort; D. W. Gray, Louisville; John C. McKee, London; J. L. Ligon, North Middletown; Howard R. French, Mt. Sterling, Grand Secretary.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Trosper, Ky., Nov. 5, 1913.
Mr. Henry McDonald, Editor
Mountain Advocate,
Barbourville, Ky.

Dear Sir:—

Please announce through the columns of your paper that I will on an odd Sunday, preach the funeral of the Bull Moose Party at the Court house in Barbourville Knox county, Ky. Text:—"High Time upon High Times When a Sorrel Past Buckskin Bull Moose Party Will Teach a Republican How to Vote."

Send me copy of the paper and when I come down I will pay you,

Yours truly,
C. H. Bays, Sr.

The above was received by the Editor and knowing the Rev. Bays as we do, we take pleasure in making this announcement for him.

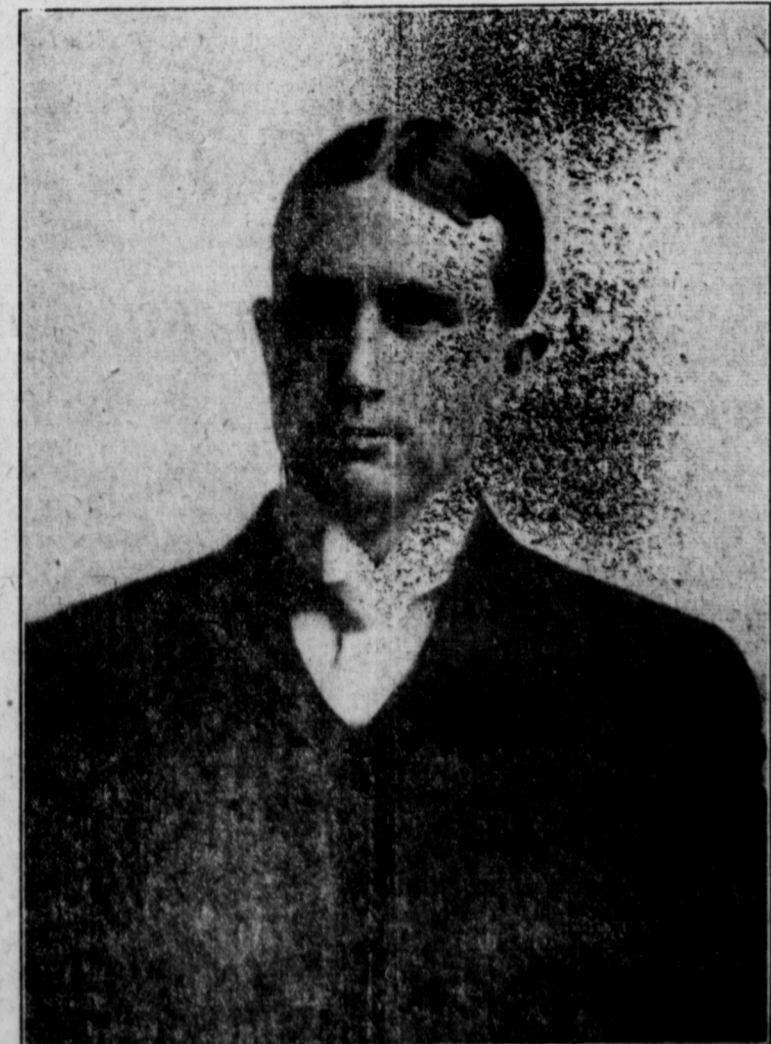
NOTICE

To whom it may concern: Know ye that at the next meeting of the Parole Commission of Kentucky, application will be made for the paroll of John Barrett, convicted for robbery, will by made.

Resp. yours,
John Sprinkles

HON. JOSEPH B. SNYDER

Commonwealth's Attorney, who is here this week, assisting Judge Sampson in the enforcement of the Law.



Genius Is a Disease Among the Children

By DALLAS LORE SHARP

Genius is not to be had for the asking, neither is talent for that matter, though you can get it by the trying. It is perfectly futile, however, to say, "Go to now, I'll be a genius," nothing that you can do to yourself, or have done to you, affects the genius bump, or ganglion, or joint, or whatever it may chance to be that genius didn't choose for its throne.

Talent, on the other hand, is often a matter of adenoids. If your child lacks talent, remove his tonsils. The increase of sheer talent for the year 1912, from this single operation for adenoids (could it be figured) would amaze the secretary of agriculture, familiar as he is with large increases in crops. There has not been a drop added to the bucket of genius so far as we know.

The great difference, of course, is due to fundamental differences in the qualities (if they can be called qualities) themselves. Talent is generally distributed all over a person. If he has talent he has it from the inside of his head to the flat of his foot. If he has genius it is local, all centered in one spot—some set of cells of the head, or in the right hand, or left foot—anywhere but not everywhere.

Genius therefore is a kind of over-development, an abnormality, whereas talent is the result of perfectly normal causes. Only normal, healthy men are men of talent. The genius may be healthy enough; but whatever sort of genius he may be you will find the fresh streak in him; for while the man of talent is a rounded whole made up of parts, the genius is a mere part for which the whole was sacrificed.

The test for talent is a wide range of averages; the test for genius is single supreme excellence.

Take the case of Jimmie, for instance—the boy who used to work for me on the farm. Jimmie was a genius. He wore a dollar watch, carried it rather in the hollow of his hand—a hollow that had been worn there by the watch. The watch cost him a dollar, and he looked at it for two dollars' worth of time every day he worked for me. He had a genius for keeping time—his own time and mine. Men of talent I had known; but Jimmie was the only one who could kill time with a watch of that price to such perfection.

Genius is a disease in children, as common almost as mumps. Talent among children is rare. If you have a child of genius, as doubtless you have, don't exhibit him. It aggravates the disease. Every time a boy of mine shows symptoms of genius I send him out to pick stones. It used to be thought that such children died young. No, they usually linger along till college commencement day and then fade away. Not so the child of talent.

If you are looking for genius by this test in yourself or in your children, stop! Life will bring you its full share of disappointments. Don't search for them.

Dallas Lore Sharp.

Transforming China Into Modern Republic

By N. DOMANN, Berlin, Germany

Education will be one of the means of transforming China into a modern republic. The younger Chinese are eager to learn. I have recently traveled through a greater portion of the republic and find that the young Chinese in all parts of the country are anxious to learn the ways of the western world. I have talked to many American missionaries who have lived in China for many years and they are all of the same opinion.

Wages are very small in China. In many places a laborer cannot make enough in one day to purchase a cake of soap. The missionaries have been telling the children that by education they can earn more than their fathers.

One of the first things that will be taught the Chinese children will be modern languages, so that they can extend their trade with other countries.

The Chinese are very enterprising, and now that they have a republic it will not be very long before they will adopt the modern methods that are in vogue in the civilized world. Trade conditions will develop slowly.

It will possibly be ten or twenty years before really good results may be obtained from a commercial campaign that is being inaugurated in many European countries. Germany is looking abroad and will try and get the lion's share of the Chinese business in the future.

Western Cafe Custom Is Becoming Popular

By D. P. PARKER, Omaha, Neb.

A number of hotels and cafes in the west have started a movement that has found favor with the men. Men are allowed to take off their coats in the dining-rooms of the hotels and cafes during the hot weather. Of course, it is not every man that wants to do this, but it does make a great many men feel real homelike to be able to take off their coats and roll up their sleeves in a swell cafe without fear of falling under the displeasure of the head waiter.

A few of the waiters in the more elite establishments consider the coatless person with great contempt, but they have orders from the management to keep mum. It does seem pretty hard that a man should have to sit in a restaurant in a heavy coat on a very hot day while they are surrounded by a host of pretty girls wearing dresses which come under the ban of the police for being improper. There is nothing wrong about a man taking off his coat while eating. Suspenders do not look very nice, but if the men are allowed to take off their coats in restaurants it is more than likely that they will be willing to do away with suspenders during the hot weather.

The west is always starting some new fad. Women all over the world have had their day, so it is now about time that poor man should be given a chance.

How Many Hardships May Be Conquered

By E. S. Albertson, Milwaukee, Wis.

The hardships and struggles of life do not change love. Going down to a pauper's grave does not change love. The trouble with most young women of this age is that they do not marry for love. Money does not make true love. Neither does the absence of money drive away true love.

There are a lot of old sayings that have never come true. And this is one of them: "When poverty comes in at the door love flies out at the window."

The "pure and deep respect" for a man will fly out of the window before true love, and you will be left with nothing to live for on earth.

Leave the selecting of a husband to the girl herself, for the girls are just like the men. You can't make them do anything if they don't want to do it.

JACKSON FIRE

BUSINESS SECTION OF BREATH-
ITT'S COUNTY SEAT IS EN-
TIRELY WIPED OUT.

Postoffice, Hotel and Two Churches
Are Burned—Loss Estimated
at \$150,000.

Western Newspaper Union News Service
Jackson, Ky.—Practically the whole business section here was destroyed by fire. Two blocks of buildings were burned, including the postoffice, Thompson hotel, two churches and a score of residences. The loss is estimated at \$150,000. The hotel was first destroyed and the flames then swept to the west side of Broadway for two blocks, despite the efforts of the firemen. The east side of the street was also fire swept, and Main street was included in the fire area as far as the First National bank, which was not greatly damaged. The buildings burned, which will be a total loss, are: The Thompson hotel, Dr. A. H. Patten's office building, the Reliance Rug Co.'s store, Kash & White, general merchandise; the postoffice, the Busy Bee grocery, Stidham's grocery and meat market, Friedman's general merchandise store, B. M. Davidson's general merchandise store, S. B. Stidham's jewelry store, the Jackson Real Estate Agency building, T. T. Cardwell's building, which was vacant; Mrs. Baker's millinery shop, and the residence of Dr. Thompson. The greater number of the buildings were frame and offered little resistance to the fire, and in most cases the contents of the buildings, as well as the structures themselves, are a total loss. The damage was estimated at \$150,000, but it may be in excess of this amount when the extent of the loss to stocks of goods is ascertained. The fire was discovered in time to enable all the guests in the hotel to escape, but many lost their effects in the building.

VOLUNTEERS FINISH WORK.

Paducah, Ky.—Failing to complete the improvement of the Paducah and Lone Oak public road in two days, as originally planned, the volunteer laborers, about 50 in number, continued the work another day and finished the highway. The road was graded, graveled and the narrow sections widened, so that vehicles can pass at any point on the road. This was another road project performed by volunteers, similar to the repair of the Paducah and Benton road two weeks ago. Barbecue dinners, donated by citizens of the county and city, were served each day. The next road to be improved will be St. John highway, from Lone Oak to the Graves county line, about ten miles in length. Already about 40 teams have been subscribed for the work and about 50 men have volunteered their services for two days. The road will be improved under the supervision of County Road Engineer John R. Thompson, who had charge of the Paducah and Lone Oak work. The dates for the St. John improvement have not been set.

NINETY-THREE SUITS FILED.

Elizabethtown, Ky.—Commonwealth Attorney Claud Mercer, of Hardinsburg, and County Attorney J. W. Boyd, of this city, have filed 93 suits in the Hardin circuit court against the Adams Express Co. for alleged illegal delivery of liquor in Hardin county. The offenses were committed in Elizabethtown, Colesburg, Glendale, Sonora and Upton. The petitions ask \$100 damages for each alleged shipment.

MISSIONARY CONFERENCE DATES.

Rockport, Ky.—The Woman's Missionary conference of the Methodist church will be held at Beaver Dam, Ohio county, November 11-12. Mrs. A. L. Mell, of Calhoun, secretary of the conference, will preside. Miss Head, of Nashville, and Mrs. Evans, of Louisville, will deliver addresses. An interesting program has been arranged.

GUSHER NEAR SCOTTSVILLE.

Scottsville, Ky.—The Ramble Creek Oil Company brought in a 100-barrel oil well, making its second well in the last thirty days. The first well was a thirty-barrel producer. This strike is the best yet for Allen county. This makes five producing wells in the pool which is about two miles southwest of Scottsville.

WORK FOR CONSOLIDATION.

Owensboro, Ky.—At a meeting of the A. S. of E. for Daviess county a resolution was adopted submitting the consolidation of all tobacco organizations to the members of the organizations. This will be brought about if possible for the A. S. of E. to do so.

HOME-COMING FOR WILSON.

Scottsville, Ky.—After an absence of 22 years, Robert H. Wilson, superintendent of public instruction of Oklahoma, attended services in the little church about two miles from here, where as a barefooted school boy he went to church and Sunday-school in his childhood days. Mr. Wilson planned his trip to Kentucky so that he would reach the old home of his boyhood on the anniversary of the day upon which his family started for the West. Supt. Wilson is a son of J. A. Wilson.

EDITOR TEACHES BANNER GLASS.

Mt. Sterling, Ky.—The Bible class of Trimble's Loyal Women of the Christian Church is one of the largest in the state and is in the front rank. The class was organized July 1, 1912, and is in charge of B. W. Trimble, who succeeded W. T. Tibbs, deceased, twelve years ago. There were fifty-two charter members, and it now numbers 117 and has an average attendance of ninety. The regular class is supplemented by the home department with a membership of 113 and is supervised by Mr. Trimble. The class has five committees—devotional, absentee, membership, sick and reception. This class displays great interest and is loyal (as the name implies) to their teacher, who understands his work and is devoted to his class, and devotes most of his time to Sunday school work. Mr. Trimble is the former editor of the Mt. Sterling Advocate.

CONTRACT FOR COAL MADE.

Paducah, Ky.—At a meeting of Illinois Central railroad officials and West Kentucky mine operators the annual contract for coal for lines south of the Ohio river was ratified, but was slightly amended as to the contract, now in force, but which expires this month. The operators present were: C. F. Richardson, vice president of the West Kentucky Coal Company; S. A. York, Central Coal & Iron Company; C. M. Riker, Eureka Coal & Coke Company; W. A. Wickliffe and W. G. Duncan, Greenville; J. M. Montgomery, Daniel Boone; R. M. Salmon, Illsley; George C. Atkinson, general manager St. Bernard Mining Company. The railroad officers were: C. F. Parker, vice president and general manager of the coal traffic department; Fred Schueber, superintendent weighing bureau; A. J. Mann, general purchasing agent; L. W. Baldwin, superintendent of the Kentucky division.

FAVOR UNION OF DIVISIONS.

Louisville, Ky.—By action the Synod of the Presbyterian Church in Kentucky (a part of the Northern wing), moved toward tearing down the barrier between the Northern and Southern divisions of that denomination. The synod went on record as permitting the pastor or elders of a union church to hold membership in this synod even though a member of a Southern synod. This is regarded by local churchmen as setting a precedent which may in time lead to the amalgamation of the two divisions of Presbyterians. Dr. E. L. Warren, librarian of the Presbyterian Theological Seminary of Kentucky, a union institution, and considered the best informed Presbyterian theologian in Louisville, declared that, so far as he knew, this was the first time any such action had been taken by any Presbyterian Synod.

MINISTERS DEBATE QUESTION.

Paducah, Ky.—"The Use of Instruments of Music in the Worship of the Church of Jesus Christ is Sin" is a subject being debated by the Rev. C. M. Stubblefield, pastor of the Goebel Avenue Christian Church and the Rev. William Savage, pastor of the Tenth Street Christian Church. The debate was held in the Goebel Avenue church. The Rev. Stubblefield is arguing the affirmative and the Rev. Savage the negative.

No instrument of music is used in the Goebel avenue church, it being the only church in Paducah that has placed a ban on musical instruments.

EASTMAN IN LEXINGTON.

Lexington, Ky.—Max Eastman will speak on Monday, November 17th, under the auspices of the Fayette Equal Rights Association of which Mrs. Fayette Johnson is president, at Lexington, Ky., probably at the new Ben Al theater. And on November 18 or 19 in Cincinnati at the state meeting of the Ohio Suffrage Association. Mr. and Mrs. Eastman comes to Kentucky direct from Buffalo. It was only possible to secure him at this time for the Western engagements through the cooperation of the two Kentucky and Ohio Societies.

ARRANGE ELABORATE PROGRAM.

Bowling Green, Ky.—At a meeting of the Committee on Arrangements November 12 was set as the day for the greater Warren county Chautauque Convention. An elaborate program is being arranged. James B. McFerran, of Louisville, who was the leading spirit in the recent Chautauque, will be one of the principal speakers of the day.

CANDIDATE IS SHOT DOWN.

Williamstown, Ky.—Joe Kells, Republican nominee for Assessor of Grant county, and a prominent young business man, was shot down by an unseen foe and died instantly. His assassin escaped. A great many people heard the shot, but it was a half hour later before the body was discovered.

A. S. E. AT OWENSBORO.

Owensboro, Ky.—The annual national convention of the American Society of Equity will convene in Owensboro December 8, and Owensboro was selected as the place of meeting by the National Board of the A. S. of E., recently in session. The meeting will bring scores of people to the city and promises to be one of the most important in the history of this organization. Great preparations will be made to entertain the visitors while in this city.

BOWLING GREEN

KENTUCKY CONFERENCE OF D. A.
R. CHOSE 1914 MEETING PLACE
IN CLOSE CONTEST.

Will Appeal to Legislature For Law
Compelling Public Schools to Raise
Flag Each Morning.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Paducah, Ky.—After one of the most successful meetings ever held the Kentucky Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution closed its seventeenth annual convention with the election of officers and selection of the 1914 meeting place.

The officers elected were: Regent, Mrs. Walter S. Glone, of Danville; vice regent, Mrs. J. W. Caperton, of Richmond; secretary, Miss Jennie G. Bailey, of Danville; treasurer, Mrs. D. B. Sperry, of Louisville; historian, Mrs. Emily Morrow, of Paducah; consulting registrar, Mrs. J. W. Gale, of Frankfort.

By a vote of 16 to 15 Bowling Green was selected over Frankfort for the conference next year. When Mrs. Sallie Ewing Hardy, of Louisville, raised the question of whether state officers were entitled to vote at the state meetings an animated debate ensued, finally resulting in a decision to let the National Congress at Washington settle it. In a report of the Committee on the Preservation of Historic Spots, the state D. A. R. was urged to complete the Daniel Boone trail from North Carolina to Boonesboro, Ky. Iron markers were recommended for the 14 points along the route, and each chapter was asked to contribute \$5. The Committee on the Prevention of the Desecration of the American Flag urged the D. A. R. to appeal to the State Legislature to have passed a law to compel all public schools in the state to raise the American flag each morning and lower it every afternoon, the idea being for the purpose of strengthening the patriotism of the school children.

Contributions to the mountain schools in the state were led by the Owensboro Chapter, according to the report of the Educational Committee. The report urged each chapter to adopt one child at least for an education and furnish the child with sufficient funds.

EDITOR OF BAPTIST WORLD DIES.

Hopkinsville, Ky.—The news of the death of the Rev. J. N. Prestridge in Louisville was received with great sorrow in Hopkinsville, where for five years he was pastor of the First Baptist church and beloved by the citizens generally. He was married here in 1887 to Miss Fannie Clardy, daughter of former Congressman John D. Clardy. Mr. and Mrs. Prestridge had spent their summers in Christian county for many years. The body was buried in Riverside Cemetery. Dr. Prestridge was a native of Selma, Ala., and a graduate of Howard College and the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. He was pastor of churches in Winchester, New Castle, Williamsburg, and Hopkinsville in Kentucky, and San Antonio, Texas. He founded the Baptist Argus, now known as the Baptist World, one of the most widely circulated religious papers in this country.

USE BLOCK SIGNAL SYSTEM.

Paris, Ky.—The electric block signal system designed to improve the safety of railroad travel will be installed by the L. & N. railroad, according to the officials of the company in this city. Early next year the work of thus equipping the central portion of the Kentucky division will be begun. It will require from six to twelve months to complete the work, which will cost the company nearly half a million dollars. Eventually the entire L. & N. system will be equipped with electric block signals.

CALLED TO OWENSBORO.

Lexington, Ky.—It was announced that Rev. T. C. Ecton, pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church of this city, had received a telegram calling him to the pastorate of the Third Baptist Church of Owensboro. This church is one of the largest in that city, having more than 1,100 members and one of the most up-to-date buildings in the country. Dr. Ecton was very successful in a meeting he held at this church last year. Dr. A. S. Pettie, who was then pastor, has resigned.

I. C. BUILDS ROUND HOUSE.

Princeton, Ky.—The Illinois Central Railroad Company has decided to build a roundhouse and repair shop here, \$7,000 having been appropriated for that purpose. Work is to begin on November 1. The company's reservoir, a few miles out of the city, which was destroyed by a dam giving way, will be repaired, which will furnish the water supply at this point.

MRS. CLARK RAISES FUND.

Harrodsburg, Ky.—Mrs. Champ Clark issued an invitation to all descendants of Jane McAfee, a heroine of the Revolutionary War, to join in the erection of a monument to their colonial ancestor in Harrodsburg, Ky. Part of the fund to be raised will be devoted to restoring an ancient burying ground in the Kentucky town. Mrs. Clark is a descendant of the McAfees, and is honorary chairman of the Jane McAfee Chapter of the D. A. R. of Kentucky.

STOP THAT BACKACHE

There's nothing more discouraging than a constant backache. You are lame when you awake. Pains pierce you when you bend or lift. It's hard to rest and next day it's the same old story.

Pain in the back is nature's warning of kidney ills. Neglect may pave the way to dropsy, gravel, or other serious kidney sickness.

Don't delay—begin using Doan's Kidney Pills—the remedy that has been curing backache and kidney trouble for over fifty years.

A MICHIGAN CASE
Peter Loucks, Leelanau St. Frankfort, Mich., says: "I had such backaches brought on by hard work, I couldn't control the kidney secretions and in the morning I was so lame and stiff I could hardly get out of bed. I tried all sorts of remedies but nothing helped. I tried Doan's Kidney Pills and six boxes cured me."

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POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

400,000 Settlers a Year

Immigration figures show that the population of Canada increased during 1913, by the addition of 400,000 settlers from the United States and Europe. Most of these have gone on farms in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Lord William Percy, an English Nobleman, says: "The possibilities and opportunities offered by the Canadian West are so infinitely greater than those which exist in England, that it seems absurd to think that people should be impeded from coming to the country where they can most easily and certainly improve their position."

New districts are being opened up, which will make available a great number of homesteads in districts especially adapted to mixed farming and grain raising.

For illustrated literature and reduced railway rates, apply to Superintendent, Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

W. S. NETHERY,
413 Gardner Bldg., Toledo, Ohio

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Misses, Boys, Children
\$1.50 \$2.50 \$3.50

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Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

The ELECTRICAL WORLD

BIG CLOCK WITHOUT HANDS

Hours, Minutes and Seconds Are Indicated by Arrangement of Multi-colored Electric Bulbs.

One of the largest electric clocks in existence has just been exhibited. It is a marvel of beauty and workmanship. The pendulum weighs over 3,000 pounds. The clock contains 5,485 multicolored electric bulbs, for which 11,000 connections were necessary and over a mile of wire. In making the connections 140 pounds of special screws were required. The dial, although it indicates hours, minutes, and seconds, has no hands.

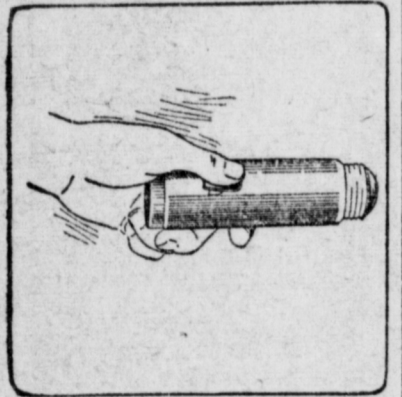
The time in minutes is indicated by 60 series of lights, each series containing 32 globe-covered bulbs, radiating from an ornamental centerpiece to the outer edge of the dial. Shorter rows of different colored lights indicate the hour, and these change their different position 12 times during each 60 minutes, or once every five minutes. The seconds are shown by 60 lights placed at equal distances around the extreme outer edge of the face.

The hour figures are three feet high, outlined in colored lights. Each second the illumination in the outer circle of light moves forward one bulb, and when the dial has been entirely circled the lights indicating the minutes also advance, and the hour hand, formed by lights, makes its slow journey at five-minute intervals. Despite the huge proportions of the clock it has been found that it keeps absolutely correct time even to the second.

NEW POCKET ELECTRIC LAMP

Continuous Light Is Supplied by Small Dynamo Instead of the Customary Dry Battery.

Instead of the customary dry battery, this ingenious pocket electric lamp is provided with a little dynamo which is driven by a spring says the Popular Mechanics. The lamp can be made to give a continuous



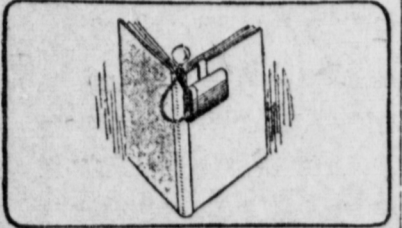
Pocket Electric Lamp.

light by simply depressing a lever at regular intervals of about three or four seconds, the action of the lever simultaneously releasing and rewinding the spring. The lamp is 5 1/2 inches long by 1 1/2 inches in diameter.

READING LAMP IS PORTABLE

Battery Is Provided With Clip, Adaptable to Be Attached to Book, With Arm Supporter.

The battery of this portable electric reading lamp is provided with a clip, adapted to be attached to the cover of



Portable Reading Lamp.

a book, and an arm designed to support the lamp in such position that it will illuminate the pages. The location of the electric bulb interferes in no way with the turning of the pages.

Canadian Telephone Lines.

There are in Canada 4 telephone lines owned by provincial governments, 27 owned by municipalities, 368 owned by corporations, 133 owned by co-operative companies, 31 owned by partnerships and 113 private lines.

For Quick Washing.

A vertical cylindrical brush, as high as a railroad car, driven by an electric motor and supplied with water as it revolves, has been invented for quickly washing the exterior of railroad rolling stock.

Something Spectacular.

The plans for the illumination of the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco in 1915 call for something entirely new in spectacular effect. Oriental color and soft lighting effects will predominate.

Talking Machine Repeats.

A talking machine may be made to repeat a record through the invention of a German of a disk on which is a return groove to carry the needle automatically from the end back to the starting point.

ALL PORCELAIN C-H SOCKET

Device Is Especially Adapted to Lamp Locations, Such as Basements—Is Readily Installed.

The accompanying cut shows a newly designed, all porcelain, C-H socket constructed for service with heating, cooking and motor driven devices. In fact, the socket is rated to carry 660 watts, somewhat more than the energy required by a six-pound pressing iron. The horizontal switch bar enables the current to be turned on with one hand and without twisting or jerking the socket as with a key, says the Popular Electricity. Pressing the white



All Porcelain Socket.

end of the bar turns on the current, while pressing the black end turns it off.

The socket is especially adapted to lamp locations such as basements, laundries, etc., and can be wiped off with a moist cloth and made to look like new.

The socket is readily installed, as a single screw allows the halves of the casting to be separated, exposing the terminal screws for the drop cord.

Electricity for Drying.

Two applications for electric heating are used in connection with drying work. One is the use of a portable combination heater and fan, ordinarily employed by hairdressers to dry their customer's hair after washing, to dry the ink on tracings. This "wrinkle" shortens the time required to complete the tracing, as the freshly mixed lines must be dry before T-square or triangle can be moved over the tracing. The other idea is to dry blueprints by going over them with an electric flatiron; and the flatiron is also useful to straighten out tracings and prints that have been rolled or folded.

Keeps Target Moving.

An electric attachment for a target such as is used on rifle ranges has been designed by an Australian. It keeps the target continually in motion, backward and forward on the track. The figures are constantly in action, and it is an entirely different proposition to hit once, especially in a vulnerable spot, than if they were stationary. Such a target is particularly good for use in the militia or the regular army, as in the case of war it is not likely that the enemy would stand still until somebody succeeded in shooting them.

Smallest Central Station.

The smallest electric central station in the United States is at Sacramento, Neb., which is operated by a three-horsepower coal-oil engine, and its total load consists of 30 incandescent lamps.



Electricity generated in Sweden is delivered in Copenhagen.

Canada now has about one telephone for each 20 persons.

Wooden molding to hide electric wire is prohibited in New York.

There are now more than two million farmers in the United States using the telephone.

There are more than 3,500 books on electrical subjects in the Library of Congress at Washington.

A company has been formed in Copenhagen that will make it a business to clean and disinfect telephones.

Carbons for lights and for electrochemical purposes are being made from tar by a new Swedish process.

That wireless telephoning to and from automobiles is possible has been proved by a Los Angeles experimenter.

Most of the light rays from metallic filament electric lamps are radiated at right angles from the filaments.

There are now over two million farmers using the telephone. Over a hundred thousand farmers installed the telephone last year.

Wireless telegraph outfits will be carried by the sledges parties of the American expedition soon to start on an arctic exploration trip.

Electrically-operated ironers for flat pieces, such as sheets, table cloths, towels, etc., are now being made in sizes suitable for the home.

Ten of the most powerful electric locomotives ever built, capable of hauling 1,000 ton trains at a speed of 60 miles an hour, have been ordered by a railroad for use at its New York terminal.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

CRY E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, The Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 9.

ABSTINENCE FOR OTHERS' SAKE.

(World's Temperance Sunday.)
LESSON TEXT—Rom. 14:7-21.
GOLDEN TEXT—"It is not good to eat flesh, nor to drink wine, nor to do anything whereby thy brother stumbleth." Rom. 14:21.

Paul was in Corinth, a city of luxury, learning and licentiousness when he wrote this letter to the believers in Rome, a letter of profound logic and ethics as well as a profound study in psychology and philosophy.

I. None of us liveth to himself," vv. 7-11. Paul begins this chapter by giving a caution as to doubtful disputations, "judgments upon thoughts," whether it be in the matter of eating herbs or meats, or in the observance of set days. Who are we but fellow servants (v. 4) of God? About such things as habits and observance of days we must each be assured in our own minds, (v. 5), but while that is true yet, "none liveth to himself" (v. 7), for "we are the Lord's" (v. 8). He is the universal Lord, both of the living and the dead, (v. 9). What folly, therefore, for any believer to set himself up in judgment upon his brother.

Four Things Suggested.

II. "Give an account to God," vv. 12-18. Verse 12 suggests four things: (1) A universal summons, "each one of us," great and small, obscure or famous, each one must appear, none overlooked, none excluded, none excused. (2) A particular summons, "each one of us," not en masse, but as separate units. (3) A purposeful summons, "to give account," not of others but each of himself. It will not be "blind justice" that shall await us there, but a holy God, one who knows all, sees all, every thought and imagination of the human heart (Gen. 6:5) and whose judgment will be righteous. (4) A rightful summons, because of its source, "before God," and shall not the Judge of the whole earth do right? No excuse because of the failure of others will avail, no subterfuge be acceptable, "strict justice" will condemn. Man-made laws and ordinances as to what we eat or what days we may observe will then be revealed in the white light of the God whose name is love. In the light of such a prospect how pertinent therefore that we turn (v. 13), from judging others and look well to our own conduct, lest that conduct become a rock of stumbling to other and weaker brethren.

Another Law.

III. "Follow after things which make for peace," vv. 19-23. To follow that which shall edify is to exercise the "law of liberty." James in his epistle (1:25, 2:12) tells us to look into this law and to continue therein for by it we shall be judged, yet there is still another law, "the royal law" (2:8, Matt. 22:36-40), the fulfilling of which will settle every question of man's relation to man. We should so use our liberty that it be not evil spoken of or become a rock of stumbling to any. Whether or not the kingdom of God be in us, or we in the kingdom, depends not upon the scrupulous observance of ordinances either as to eating, or the observance of days, but rather in the manifest righteousness of our lives and in having peace in our hearts, ch. 15:13, being filled with "joy in the Holy Spirit" v. 17. Therefore, if to eat meat shall cause my brother to stumble or to be made weak (v. 21) "I will eat no flesh for evermore," I Cor. 8:13.

All of this leads up to the true principle of total abstinence as revealed in verse 21, "It is good not to eat flesh, nor to drink wine, nor to do anything whereby thy brother stumbleth or is offended." This does not alone apply to the Great American Juggernaut, the commercialized liquor traffic, which, according to the United States Supreme court, has no legal ground upon which to stand. When the members of the church of God in this "land of liberty" shall each be governed by this principle it will not be long before the liquor problem may many other questions that are troubling us will be settled. The real question will not be "Is it wrong?" but rather, "How will it affect my brother?" All meats are clean, we know that, Acts 10:15, but we also know that many cannot eat, cannot participate in our acts, with a clear conscience because in so taking part there comes before the mind of the weaker brother the evil associations and practices which so frequently accompany such acts or such eating. Our indulgence, no matter how innocent and entirely harmless it may be to us, is therefore not to be thought of. This settles the drink question, the tobacco habit, dancing, card playing, theater going, and all "questionable amusements."

For once teach a temperance lesson not on the ground of the harrowing effects of this awful traffic, but try to show that temperance is largely the result of selfishness. Show how less selfishness in our social relations would help to keep men away from the saloon. Less selfishness in money would keep us from accepting bloody tax money. Less selfishness on the part of churches by activities during the week would keep children and young people from growing familiar with and finally embracing the monster vice. Many ancient authorities assert after Ch. 14, Ch. 10:25-27.

TOO FEW SPECIAL SUNDAYS

Move to Secure Co-Operation of Churches in Effort at Social Betterment.

In a report on social Sundays suggested to be observed by all of the churches in the United States, the special committee which investigated the subject says:

"One of the results of this investigation was the revelation that the number of special social Sundays now being observed on a national scale is much smaller than has been generally supposed. Only six special Sundays not specially designated by the calendar are at present observed on any considerable scale throughout the country. These are Child Labor Sunday, Mothers' day, Peace Sunday, Labor Sunday, Prison Sunday and Tuberculosis day. The other special Sundays in the calendar given above are all fixed by certain national or religious holidays, such as Washington's birthday, Memorial day or Christmas." The report of the committee will be submitted to the Federal Council of Churches, representing most of the Protestant denominations, to the Roman Catholic church authorities, to the Jewish church authorities and to all other church organizations which can be interested in this movement. The aim of the report is to secure the co-operation of all the churches of the country in movements for social betterment.

LOOSE CHANGE OUR CURSE

Englishman Says as a People We Would Be Thriftier if We Carried Purses.

A visiting Englishman believes he has discovered the reason for American extravagance and English thrift. He says that the difference in the spending temperament of the two nations is due entirely to the change purse which Englishmen carry.

"No one whose money is constantly jingling in his pocket can possibly be economical," says the observer from overseas. "On the other hand, the man who has to open a change purse to get at his small coin is under constant restraint. The extra effort necessary to get at his small coins will cause him to forego many opportunities for spending which his American cousin would eagerly accept."

What Is a Mustache Worth?

What is the cash value of a mustache? The question is raised by a forthcoming legal action in France, in which a young man is suing his late employer in peculiar circumstances. He recently obtained the position of valet to an attaché of the Chinese embassy here and one of the conditions of his employment was that he should shave off his mustache. The young man complied with this instruction and sacrificed his hirsute adornment, not without regret. But a week later he was discharged and he is now suing the attaché for \$20 as damages for the "esthetic prejudice" that he has suffered through the loss of his mustache. This would seem to be modest valuation, especially when one takes the esthetic prejudice into account.

Same Old Suit.

Hemmandhaw—Here is an interesting article on dress.

Mrs. Hemmandhaw—What is it all about?

H.—A lecturer describes the clothes which women will be wearing 100 years from now.

Mrs. H.—Huh! That doesn't interest me a particle.

H.—Why not?

Mrs. H.—Because, unless something wonderful happens, I will still be wearing the same old blue velvet suit I've had ever since we were married.—Youngstown Telegram.

Dumb.

"My dear," said Mr. Closest's better half, "I think I had better see the doctor about my hearing."

"Nonsense," retorted the tight one, your hearing is as acute as ever. What put that idea into your head?"

"Well," was the response, "they say that money talks, but I haven't heard it say a thing for months."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Whole Bill of Fare.

"The trouble with some of us," says a Whitsett philosopher, "is that they want to clean up the Prosperity table at one sitting, and pretty soon there's nothing left for the dinner bell to ring for."

Ungrateful.

"What became of your monkey dinner?"

"The monkey, the proposed guest of honor, declined."

Coughs vanish in a night. Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops soothe the throat, effecting a speedy cure—see at all Druggists.

One thing this groaning old country needs is a union suit guaranteed not to skid.—Columbus Journal

Red Cross Ball Blue, all blue, best bluing value in the world, makes the laundress smile. Adv.

But occasionally it is easier to hear it than it is to grin.

COULDN'T FOOL MR. MARTIN

Alleged Fact of Natural Mystery Altogether Too Much for Him to Believe.

The best people in Dark Hollow had just begun to sit up and take notice of the fact that along the Great White Way and in other large centers there was such a thing as the turkey trot. The Martin family, however, living on the far outskirts of the Hollow, had not heard of this peculiar and seductive motion.

"I see," said Mrs. Martin, "by the Dark Hollow Weekly Struggle that a lot of chickens in Chicago are turkey trotting."

"Shucks!" said Mr. Martin, with ineffable disdain. "That's just another mistake in one of those bulletins that the dinged, crazy department of agriculture sends out. They're always trying to tell us farmers something that's absolutely contrary to nature."—Popular Magazine.

Honesty of Childhood.

A lady, out wheeling her two-months-old baby, met a neighbor's boys and asked them if they wouldn't like to see the baby.

The little fellows, highly elated at the invitation, tipped their chins over the edge of the baby buggy, when the younger broke forth:

"Oh, isn't he cute! He looks just like the little monkeys we saw in the park!"

"No, Harold," protested the older brother, nudging the little four-year-old. "He doesn't look like a monkey. No, Harold, no, he doesn't look like a monkey!"

All the time he kept up a vicious nudging at little Harold, who, seeing a great light dawn, suddenly corrected his blunder by explaining: "Well, I just meant his face."—Judge.

Red Cross Ball Blue will wash double as many clothes as any other. Don't put your money into any other. Adv.

Even a woman seldom has cause to repent because she said too little.

It takes a stage struck girl to wash dishes with a tragic air.

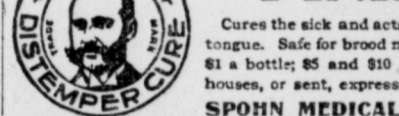
Worms expelled promptly from the human system with Dr. Peery's Vermifuge "Dead Shot." Adv.

Much that passes for enthusiasm is nothing but gush.

SIGN TACKLER WANTED

Boy preferred. Good pay. Your name on signs in big letters. Particulars of A. H. J., Box 103, Philadelphia, Pa.

W. N. U., CINCINNATI, NO. 45-1913.



For PINK EYE

Cures the sick and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50c and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 a dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent, express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA

Rheumatism, Sprains Backache, Neuralgia

"Yes, daughter, that's good stuff. The pain in my back is all gone—I never saw anything work as quickly as Sloan's Liniment." Thousands of grateful people voice the same opinion. Here's the proof.

Relieved Pain in Back.
"I was troubled with a very bad pain in my back for some time. I went to a doctor but he did not do me any good, so I purchased a bottle of Sloan's Liniment, and now I am a well woman. I always keep a bottle of Sloan's Liniment in the house."—Miss Maudie Cotton, 304 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sciatic Rheumatism.
"We have used Sloan's Liniment for over six years and found it the best we ever used. When my wife had sciatic rheumatism the only thing that did her any good was Sloan's Liniment. We cannot praise it highly enough."—Mr. Fudge, Des Moines, Iowa.

Sprained Ankle Relieved.
"I was ill for a long time with a severely sprained ankle. I got a bottle of Sloan's Liniment and now I am able to be about and can walk a great deal. I write this because I think you deserve a lot of credit for putting such a fine Liniment on the market and I shall always take time to recommend Dr. Sloan's Liniment."—Mrs. Chas. House, Baltimore, Md.

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WOMAN ESCAPES OPERATION

By Timely Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Here is her own statement.

Cary, Maine.—"I feel it a duty I owe to all suffering women to tell what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. One year ago I found myself a terrible sufferer. I had pains in both sides and such a soreness I could scarcely straighten up at times. My back ached, I had no appetite and was so nervous I couldn't sleep, then I would be so tired mornings that I could scarcely get around. It seemed almost impossible to move or do a bit of work and I thought I never would be any better until I submitted to an operation. I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt like a new woman. I had no pains, slept well, had good appetite and was fat and could do almost all my own work for a family of four. I shall always feel that I owe my good health to your medicine."—Mrs. HAYWARD SOWERS, Cary, Maine.



If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

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